Aiuto alla compilazione in lingua inglese English guide to the completion of the Census form



09TH OCTOBER **GENERAL POPULATION D HOUSING CENSUS**

LAW NO. 122 OF 30TH JULY 2010, ART. 50



fill in the questionnaire on the Internet. Visit

http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it and enter the password shown in the rectangle in the bottom right

What do I need to do?



fill in the questionnaire with a black or blue ballpoint pen (do not use a red pen) and place it in the enclosed envelope

and then



hand it in at a post office



it in directly to one of the collection centres set up in your municipality

For addresses and telephone numbers, visit the http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it or call the freephone number 800.069.701

Am I required to respond?

Yes. The obligation to respond to the Census is enforced by art. 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322/1989. For certain sensitive questions, however, freedom of choice is safeguarded by existing legislation (no. 8.1 - 8.4 Sect. II)

Is my privacy guaranteed? Yes. All responses are protected by the laws on privacy (Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003). All Census staff are bound to professional secrecy.

Who can I contact in case of difficulty? For any clarification you may require, please call the freephone number 800.069.701 The service is available from 01st October 2011 to 29th February 2012 (excluding 25th December 2011 and 01st January 2012), including Saturdays and Sundays, from 9 am to 7 pm and from 09th October to 19th November 2011 from 8 am to 10 pm. You can also write to the following email address: infocens2011@istat.it

To receive assistance while completing the form you may visit one of the collection centres set up in your municipality. Their addresses are available on the website http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it

We may need to contact you if we have questions about your information. To make it easier to contact you and avoid the inconvenience of a personal visit by one of our staff, please provide the following information:

email	ail			
	tel.			
	Preferred time of day to be	e con	tacted	
	from	to		
	hour minutes		hour minutes	

Password

XXXXXXXXXXXX

Who fills in the Household form?

The responses on the Household form should refer to the date of the Census (09th October 2011) and be filled in by the listed Head of household (i.e. the person under whose name the household is registered in the Public Records Office) or, if this is not possible, by another household member or by someone who resides in the dwelling temporarily or occasionally and is present on the date of the Census.

What is meant by 'household'?

A group of individuals linked by marriage, kinship, affinity, adoption, legal guardianship or personal ties and who cohabit and share a usual place of residence (whether or not already registered as local residents at the local Public Records Office).

A household may consist of a single individual.

What do I need to fill in?

LIST A is for all household members, i.e. each and every individual who uses this dwelling as his/her usual place of residence, whether physically present on the date of the Census or not;

LIST B is for anyone who is present in the dwelling on a temporary or occasional basis on the day of the Census;

Section I contains questions about the household and dwelling;

Section II consists of 3 Individual forms (with multiple pages each) containing questions for each individual household member. In Section II, an Individual form should be filled in by each individual from List A in the same order in which they are listed in List A.

If this dwelling serves as the usual place of residence for multiple households, each household should fill in a separate Household form.

Important!

Contact the nearest Municipal Collection Centre if you need more Lists and/or Individual forms

Certain individuals may also appear on a second Household form, for another dwelling. For instance, an individual from LIST B who is living temporarily in this dwelling (visiting student, weekly commuter, etc.) should also fill in LIST A and SECTION II of the Household form for the dwelling that serves as their usual place of residence.

GETTING STARTED

Completing the Lists

LIST A should list each individual who is both a household member and:

▶ an Italian citizen using this dwelling as a usual place of residence, even if physically absent on the date of the Census, or

▶ a foreign citizen using this dwelling as a usual place of residence and who is either registered in the Public Records Office or in possession of regular documentation for staying in Italy, even if physically absent on the date of the Census.¹

Household members should be entered in LIST A:

- Head of household on the Household form (individual under whose name the household is officially registered);
- Spouse or cohabiting partner ('partner') of the head of household;
- Unmarried children (from oldest to youngest);
- Married children and their family members;
- ▶ Other relatives or kin of the head of household on the Household form (father/mother, father-/mother-in-law, brother/sister, brother-/sister-in-law, grandchildren, grandfather/grandmother, uncle, aunt);
- Other cohabitants with no personal ties, kinship or affinity.

Each household member will be assigned a 2-digit number (person code) corresponding to their position on the list (01 - 08). The Individual forms in Section II should be filled out in the same order.

If the household consists of <u>one</u> individual only (one-person household), <u>only</u> the first line (person code 01) of **LIST A** needs to be filled in.

ST B

LIST B should list any individuals who do <u>not</u> use this dwelling as their usual place of residence, but who are present in this dwelling on 09th October 2011 on a temporary or occasional basis (e.g. visiting tourists, short vacations, short-term medical treatments, visiting friends or relatives, etc.).

N.B. For these individuals, the questionnaire concludes with the completion of LIST B.

Important

After completing LIST A (and LIST B, if necessary), proceed with filling in the questionnaire itself. Instructions are provided on page 4.

¹ For citizens of Countries outside the European Union, valid entitlement to stay in Italy includes waivers on entry (nulla osta all'ingresso) into Italy for work or family reunification, requests for residency permit renewals and requests for first-time residency permits.

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LIST	A Individuals for whom the dwell	ling is the usual place of reside	nce (household members)		Please prir	nt
Person code	Last and first name	Gender	Date of birth	Place of birth (Specify the municipality of birth. If born abroad, specify the foreign cou	Citizenship ntry)	Individual information
01	Last name	1 Male			1 Italian	From page 8
4	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 15
02	Last name	1 Male			1 Italian	From page 16
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 23
03	Last name	1 Male			1 Italian	From page 24
02 03 04	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 31
04	Last name	1 Male			1 Italian	Additional
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
05	Last name	1 Male	Jour Jour		1 Italian	Additional
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
06	Last name	1 Male	ady monat your		1 Italian	Additional
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
07	Last name	1 Male	day monar your		1 Italian	Additional
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
08	Last name	1 Male	ady monan your		1 Italian	Additional
	First name	2 Female	day month year		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
IMPORT	FANT: Households with more than three n	nembers should contact the neare	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u>—</u>	
LIST		ing is NOT the usual place of r	esidence and who are temporarily	or occasionally present		
Personal code	Gender Date	of birth	Place of birth Usual res	sidence Citizenships		
01	1 Male	1	Italy 1 Italy	1 Italian		
	2 Fomalo	onth year 2	Abroad 2 Abro	pad 2 Foreign or stateless	Date filled in	
02	1 Male	1	Italy 1 Italy	1 Italian		
	2 Famala	onth year 2	Abroad 2 Abro	pad 2 Foreign or stateless	day month year	
03	1 Male	1	Italy 1 Italy	1 Italian		
	2 Fomala	onth year 2	Abroad 2 Abro	pad 2 Foreign or stateless		
IMPOR1	IMPORTANT: If more than three individuals are present for whom the dwelling is not the usual place of residence, contact the nearest Municipal Collection Centre. signature of individual who filled in the form					

CONTINUE

By filling in the Sections

- 1. Fill in **Section I** by answering the household and dwelling questions.
- 2. Fill in **Section II**. An Individual form should be filled in **for each household member from List A**. The Individual forms in **Section II** should be filled in in the same order that the household members are listed in List A.

For example, if List A lists the following individuals in this order – Mr. Rossi (person code 01) and Mrs. Bianchi (person code 02), then the Individual form for person 01 (starting on p. 8 of Section II) should refer to Mr. Rossi, while the Individual form for person 02 (starting on p. 16 of Section II) should refer to Mrs. Bianchi.

If the household consists of <u>one</u> single individual (one-person household), then <u>only</u> the questions on the person 01 Individual Form (starting on p. 8 of Section II) should be filled in.

General information:

- ▶ Sections I and II of the Household form have been divided into different "points", each of which includes multiple questions. Please read each question carefully as well as any notes that are highlighted or in parentheses.
- ▶ Only one single box should be checked for each question, except where explicitly indicated that multiple responses are allowed.
- ▶ For questions that are not applicable to the individual to whom the Individual form refers (e.g. questions for ages 6 and under), do not check any boxes or make any notes or marks of any kind.

Important

To answer the questions properly, please refer to the Guide to filling in the questionnaire that has been included with the questionnaire. This will save time and help you avoid making mistakes.

Instructions for filling in the questionnaire:

- ▶ The Household form was designed to be read with an optical scanner that is unable to read certain colours, so it is important to use a black or blue ballpoint pen to fill in your answers.
- Most questions involve marking the selected box with a simple X.
 N.B. It is extremely important not to make any marks in!

Example: 02 X Spouse of the head of household

If you make a mistake, black out the incorrect box and mark the correct box with an 'X'.

Example: 1 In Italy 2 X Abroad

▶ Some questions require you to write out numbers or words as clearly as possible, printing in capital letters and entering no more than one letter per box. The characters need to be separate and distinct from one another. Please be careful not to write anywhere outside the designated boxes.

Example of correct completion

14/05/1964

SANGIMIGNANO

Example of incorrect completion

Example of incorrect completion

year

Examples of common completion errors

1

NO

1

YES

2 Characters too big Rounded characters (such as 6, 9 and 6 9 () 0) need to be fully closed NO YES NΩ The number 4 needs to be left Each segment in letters like E and F 4 4 4 F needs to be fully connected open at the top NO YES NO NO NO

The number 1 should be

written without the lower bar

INFORMATION ABOUT HOUSEHOLD AND DWELLING

TYPE OF DWELLING AND HOUSEHOLD 1.1 Indicate the type of dwelling Housing Other type of dwelling (shed, trailer, camper, etc.) Accommodation at diplomatic or consular centres Collective residential structure (hotel, rest home, etc.) go to quest. 1.4 1.2 The dwelling is inhabited by One household only • go to quest. 1.4 Two or more households that cohabit 2 1.3 Enter the information for the other cohabiting households (questionnaire code, last and first name of the head of household on the Household form) [If more than four households inhabit the dwelling, call the toll-free number 800.069.701] Last name - head of household First name - head of household Questionnaire code* (cohabiting household(s)) * The questionnaire code is found on the first page of the questionnaire. 1.4 In what capacity does your household occupy the dwelling?

Own property (full or partial), right of use or subsidised housing

Other right (free of charge, in exchange for services, etc.)

Rental

2

Section I Information on household and dwelling

2 OWNERSHIP AND STRUCTURE OF THE DWELLING

2.1	Who owns the dwelling?	
1	Individual (or more than one coowning individuals) Residential becomes a Residential be	ouilding 6 Social Security Agency (INPS, INPDAP, etc.
2	Business or corporation (insurance company, bank, property investment company, construction company, commercial venture, etc.) State, Regio or Province Municipality	7 Istituto Autonomo Case Popolari (IACP), Azienda per il Territorio (ATER) or similar 8 Other
2.2	What is the size of the dwelling? Indicate the total interior surface area of the dwelling, which is rooms. Include bathrooms, kitchens and accessory areas, but balconies or associated structures (e.g. basement, attic, garage).	t do not include any terraces, square metres
2.3	How many rooms are in the dwelling? (not counting bathrooms, kitchens, accessory areas and assortics, garages, etc.) [A room is a space that receives air and light dire a bed and leave sufficient space to move around]	
2.4	How many of the rooms indicated in question 2.3 are dedicated exclusively to a vocation? (offices, professional studios, workshops or similar)	0 1 2 3 if more than 3, specify how many
2.5	Indicate whether the dwelling has (multiple response	
2 3 4	[a space designed and equipped for meal preparation that does not qualified a kitchen corner in a multi-purpose room	
2 3 4 5	Yes, drinkable water from a well Yes, drinkable water from another source Yes, but it is not drinkable No, no water is available inside go to quest. 3.5	 1 Methane, natural gas 2 Electricity 3 Solar power 4 Other 3.5 How many showers and/or bathtubs
3.2	Is hot water available in the dwelling (in the bathroom and/or kitchen)?	are there in the dwelling?
1	Yes 2 No → go to quest. 3.5	0 1 2 3
3.3	Is this hot water produced by the same system that is used to heat the dwelling itself?	3.6 How many toilets are in the dwelling?
1	Yes go to quest. 3.5 2 No	if more than 3, indicate how many

Section I continued Information on household and dwelling

4	CLIMATE CO	NTROL SYS	STEMS (heating	, air cond	litioning,	renewal	ble energ	y)
4.1	Does the dwelling	have a heatin	g system	?					
1	Yes	2 No	→ go to q	uest. 4.3					
4.2	2 Indicate the type(s) of heating system(s) used in the dwelling and the fuel or energy source that powers each system (multiple responses allowed)								
			Methane, natural gas	Gas oil	LPG (Liquid Petroleum Gas)	Solid fuel (wood, coal,	Fuel etc.) oil	Electricity	Other fuel or power source
	Centralised system us multiple dwellings	sed by	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Independent system by one dwelling only	used	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Individual permanent (fireplace, stove, radi pumps, etc.) that hea most of the dwelling	ator, heat	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Individual permanent (fireplace, stove, radia pumps, etc.) that hea parts of the dwelling	ator, heat	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4.3	3 Does the dwelling have a renewable energy system for generating electricity? (solar-powered system, wind-powered system, etc.)				s the dwelli onditioning	ng have a p g system?	permanent		
1	Yeş	2 No			1 Y	'eș	2	Nọ	
5	CAR AND PA	RKING SPA	CE						
5.1 1	Does your househ	old have a ca	r?		park	ing spaces	? (garage, pa	e one or mo arking space arking space,	in a communa
2	Yes, two or more				1 Yes → if more than one, specify how many				
3	No.				2 N	lọ			
6	TELEPHONE	AND INTE	RNET CO	ONNECT	ION				
6.1	Does your househactive land-line te			?	6.4 Does	s your hous nection in t	sehold have he dwelling	e an interne ?	et
1	Yes				1 Y		pecify the t	ype of conr	ection
2	No					1		phone line or	ISDN
6.2	Does at least one I cellular phone with					2	DSL (ADS	L, SHDSL, et	c.)
1	_ ' n	ow many hou nembers have ne cellular ph	at least			4	network, e	ongle, PC care RS, UMTS, H	d, cell

Section II Individual form PERSONAL INFORMATION 1.1 Kinship or cohabitation relationship with the head of household on the Household form 01 | X | Head of household on the Household form The response is pre-printed for person 01 only; Person 01 starts with question 1.2

1	2	G	۵n	d	٦r

- Male
- Female

1.3 Date of birth

day	month	year

1.4 Place of birth

1 In this municipality	specify the municipality
2 In a different Italian municipality	and the abbreviation for the province
3 Abroad specify the fore	prov. eign country

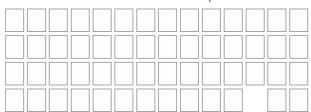
THE HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD ANSWERS QUESTION 1.5 ONLY IF THE FIRST PAGE OF THE HOUSEHOLD FORM DOES <u>NOT</u> BEAR A PREPRINTED ADDRESS

1.5 Are you registered in the Public Records Office of this municipality?

[The municipality of registration is where your identification documents and basic public records (e.g. birth certificate, civil status, etc.) can be retrieved]

- Yes, in this dwelling
- Yes, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation
- No, in a different Italian municipality
- specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province

prov.



No, not in any Italian municipality



2 MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIAGES

2.1 Marital status	3.2 Have you had Italian citizenship since birth?
1 Single • go to quest. 3.1	1 Yes → go to quest. 3.4
2 Married	2 No •
3 De facto separated	
4 De jure separated	3.3 How did you obtain Italian citizenship?
5 Divorced	1 By marriage 2 Other
6 Widow(er)	specify the foreign country of your previous citizenship
2.2 Month and year the marriage took place [If married more than once, refer to your most recent marriage]	
month year	
2.3 Marital status prior to most recent marriage	
1 Single	3.4 Where was your mother born? [Indicate your mother's birthplace, whether or not she is a usual
2 Divorced	resident of this dwelling, or deceased]
3 Widow(er)	 In Italy Abroad specify the foreign country of birth
3 CITIZENSHIP	
3.1 What citizenship do you have? [If you have other citizenships (in addition to Italian), check box 1 only ("Italian")]	
1 Italian → go to quest. 3.2	
2 Foreign specify the foreign country of citizenship and go to quest. 3.4	3.5 Where was your father born? [Indicate your father's birthplace whether or not he is a usual resident of this dwelling, or deceased]
	1 In Italy
	2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth
3 Stateless (no citizenship) • go to quest. 3.4	

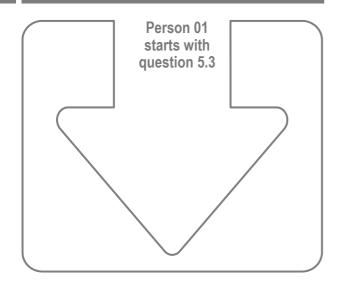


4 PRESENCE AND PRIOR DWELLING

4.1	Where were you living as of the date of the census (09 th October 2011)?
1	In this dwelling
2	In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation (e.g. friend's/relative's house, military barracks, hospital) In a different Italian municipality
4	Abroad
4.2	Have you ever had residency abroad?
1	Yes ♣ 2 No ♣ go to quest. 4.5
	4.3 Indicate the month and year of your most recent transfer to Italy March March
; ; ;	

4.5	5 Where was your usual place of residence one year ago (09 th October 2010)?	
1	1 In this dwelling	
2	2 In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or co	ohabitatio
3	In a different Italian municipality specify the municipality and the abbreviation the province	ality n for
]]]]] rov.
4	· ·	104.
4.6	6 Where was your usual place of residence five years ago (09 th October 2006)?	
1	1 In this dwelling	
2		
3	3 In a different Italian municipality specify the municipality and the abbreviation the province	
		orov.
4	4 Abroad specify the foreign country	

5 EDUCATION AND TRAINING

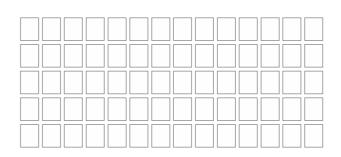


5.3 What is the highest educational qualification you have attained from among those listed below?

01	No formal education and can neither read nor write	go to guest. 5.11
02	No formal education but can both read and write	go to quest. 5.11
03	Elementary school qualification (or equivalent)	→ go to quest. 5.9
04	Middle school (or vocational school) qualification	→ go to quest. 5.7
05	Completion of lower/middle level of Conservatory or National Academ	
06	Vocational school diploma	5.4 The
07	Teacher training school diploma	duration of the course
80	Art school diploma	was
09	Technical institute diploma	1 2-3 years
10	Teacher training institute	2 4-5 years
11	High school diploma (classical, s	cientific, etc.)
12	Diploma from the Academy of Fi Arts, ISIA, etc., Conservatory (fo	
13	University degree (2-3 years) und system (including schools dedica programmes and vocationally-ori colleges)	ited to specialised
14	Academic diploma of Higher Artis Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level	
15	Three-year degree (level I) under	r the new system
16	Academic degree of Higher Artis Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level	
17	Degree (4-6 years) under the formula single-cycle specialised level II dispecialistica/magistrale under the two-year specialised degree (level new system)	egrees or e new system.

5.5 Enter the full title of the educational qualification indicated in question 5.3

(e.g. professional agrarian certification diploma, technical industrial training diploma, academy of fine arts diploma, degree in mathematics under the former system, etc.)



5.6 Did you complete any regional/provincial vocational training courses lasting 6 months or longer and requiring an upper secondary school diploma for admission? (level II programmes, Higher Technical Education and Training courses)

1	Yes	
2	No	go to quest. 5.9

5.7 Did you complete any regional/provincial vocational training courses lasting 24 months or longer and requiring a middle school certificate for admission?

1 Yes 🔷	5.8 Specify
	1 Vocational education and training course lasting at least three years (completed after 2005)
2 No	2 Other regional/provincial vocational training course

5.9 Was the educational qualification awarded abroad?

1 Yes ▶	5.10 How many years of schooling were required to attain the
2 No	qualification abroad?



5.11 Are you presently enrolled in a regular course of studies? (primary school, lower or upper secondary school, university or A.F.A.M. programme)	6.3 During the period from September 11 th - October 08 th , were you actively seeking employment or did you set up the means to start your own business?
1 Yeş	1 Yes
2 No	2 No → go to quest. 6.13
5.12 In the week preceding the date of the cens (October 02 nd – 08 th), did you attend any vocational training/continuing education courses (free of charge or otherwise)? (for example, training programmes organised by the business/company where you work, by the Region of Province, private lessons in a foreign language, etc.)	willing to start working within the next two weeks?
1 Yes	
2 No	6.5 Have you ever had a paying job <u>or</u> worked as a family worker?
FOR THOSE WHO CHECKED ONE OF BOXES 12 THROUND QUESTION 5.3	1 Yes → go to quest. 6.6 2 No → go to quest. 7.1
5.13 Have you obtained any post-graduate or post-diploma A.F.A.M. qualifications?	IN YOUR ANSWERS TO QUESTION 6.6 THROUGH QUESTION 6.12 REFER TO YOUR
1 Yes • 5.14 Specify the qualifications att (multiple responses allowed) 1 Level I master's degree 2 Level II master's degree	PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY ONLY IF YOU ARE NOT WORKING AT PRESENT, REFER TO YOUR MOST RECENT JOB 6.6 What type of work do (did) you do?
	[
3 Specialisation school	6.7 Your work is (was)
2 No Research doctorate	employee 1 Fixed-term
INDIVIDUALS AGED 15 AND OVER PROCEED WITH QUESTION 6.1 INDIVIDUALS AGED UNDER 15 PROCEED WITH QUESTI 7.1	A job based on: 2 Permanent Continuous coordinated collaboration (project-based or otherwise)
6 VOCATIONAL OR NON-VOCATIONAL STATUS	3 Occasional work
6.1 During the week preceding the date of the census (October 02 nd – 08 th), did you work at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a family member]	4 Business owner 6.8 Did (Do) you have paid employees?
at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was	Freelance professional Self-employed 4 Business owner 6.8 Did (Do) you have paid employees? 1 Yes 2 No
at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a family member.]	4
at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a family member.] 1 Yes ▶ go to quest. 6.6	Freelance professional Self-employed worker 6.8 Did (Do) you have paid employees? 1 Yes 2 No No No No No No No
at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a family member. 1 Yes → go to quest. 6.6 2 No 6.2 During the week of October 02 nd – 08 th , did you have a job from which you were absent? (for example, due to illness, vacation, temporary layoff fund (Cassa Integrazione	Freelance professional Self-employed worker Member of a cooperative Freelance employees? No No Freelance employees? No Self-employed worker Family worker

11

Financial and insurance activities

Section II continued Individual form

	What is (was) the nature of your work activity? [Several examples of specific occupations are provided for each categor	y (in parentheses)]
01 [Manual or unskilled labour (Farm hand, Custodian, Construction worker, Domestic assistant, Dishwasher, Usher, Porter, Hospital attendant, Refuse collector, Stablehand)	O6 Administrative support (Secretary, Postal service counter worker, Switchboard operator, Administrative assistant, Service counter staff)
02 [,	Mid-level technical, administrative, athletic or artistic work (Nurse, Accountant, Surveyor, Electronic technician, Computer analyst, Athlete, Sales representative, Fire chief, Air traffic controller, Insurance agent)
03 [Highly-specialised managerial, technical, intellectual, scientific or artistic work (General or specialised physician, University professor, Actor, Musician, Elementary school teacher, Engineer, Chemist, Agricultural scientist, Pharmacist)
04 [(Farmer, Fruit grower, Stockman, Fish farmer, Reforester, Gardener, Fisherman)	09 Business management, administration of a private or public organisation (Business owner, Party chief, Public official, CEO, Chief justice, School principal, Prefect)
05	(Shopkeeper, Police officer, Hairdresser, Cook, Waiter, Flight attendant, Baby sitter, Nanny, Salesperson)	Military of any rank in the Armed Forces – Army, Navy, Air force, Military police (Carabinieri) (General, Medical colonel, Sergeant major, Military police agent (Carabinieri), Airman, Private first class)
	What is the economic activity sector of the factory, orga business, etc., where you work(ed) or that you own(ed)	
01 [Agriculture, fish farming, hunting or fishing	12 Real estate activities (including condominium administration)
02	Extractive activities in quarries or mines and mining support services (including the extraction of crude oil and natural gas)	Professional, scientific and technical activities (including research and development, law offices, advertising agencies, veterinary services, etc.)
03	maintenance and installation of machinery	14 Leasing, travel agencies, business support
	and equipment (excluding the manufacture and repair of cars and motorcycles, computers and communications equipment and other personal and/or domestic goods)	services (including call centres, research services, personnel search and selection, etc.)
04 [Supply of electricity, gas, steam or air conditioning	15 Central and local public administration, Defence and compulsory social security
05 [16 Education and training, public and private (including programmes at military academies, conservatories, courses for sporting, recreational and cultural activities, driving schools)
06 [Construction, public works and installation of facilities in buildings	Healthcare and social welfare assistance (residential and non-residential) (including daycare centres)
07 [Wholesale and retail commerce, repair and maintenance of cars and motorcycles	Artistic, sports, entertainment and recreational activities (including libraries and archives, museums, gambling halls and
08 [Transport (of passengers or goods by pipelines, road, water or air); storage/warehousing, postal and courier services	game rooms, etc.)
09 [Accommodation and immediate-consumption catering services	19 Other maintenance and repair services for personal and household goods (including the activities of associations, launderers, hairdressers, etc.)
10 [(including bars, cafes, pubs, ice cream parlours, etc.) Information and communication services (including phone centres and internet points)	Family-oriented work and cohabitation as employers of domestic staff

Overseas bodies and organisations (UN, FAO, embassies on Italian soil)



6.12	Но	w n	nan	y h	our	s de	o (d	id)	you	us	ual	ly w	/orl	k pe	er v	vee	k?															
ŀ	nours	wor	ked	go	to q	uest.	7.1																									
6.13	[If yo	ou fit	more	thar	n one	of (ese ca	atego	ries,	chec	k the	first	one t	hat a	ppe				oox 1]												
1		A re	ecipi ome	ent (ret	of oi urns	ne or s on p	moi orope	e pe erty	ension or e	ons i quiti	for p es)	revi	ous	worl	k ac	ctivity	y or	reci	pien	t of	une	arn	ed									
2		A s	tude	ent																												
3		A h	ome	emal	ker																											
4		Oth	er																													
7	F	LA	CE	E O	FV	NOI	RK	OF	R S'	ΤU	DΥ	,																				
7.1	Do	yoı	u go	o to	a u	sua	l pla	ice	of s	tud	ly o	r wo	ork	eve	ry	day	?															
1						lace ing c			(inc	ludir	ng) } g	o to q	quest	t. 7.2														
2		Yes	s, I g	go to	ар	lace	of w	ork						,	J																	
3		No,	bed	caus	se I s	study	at h	ome	9																							
4		No.	bed	caus	se I v	work	from	hor	ne																							
5						nave tes, s						s, etc	:.)		} g(o to c	quest	t. 8.1														
6						am n ny vo								,																		
7.2	[Stu	dent-	work	ers s	hould	sual d indic pilots	cate th	ne ad	dress	s of th	he pla	ace o	f wor	k, no	t the	place	e of s	study is ba	. If y	ou w (park	ork c	on a ot, s	mea	ans on, o	of tra	ınspo	ortatio	n (dr oort, e	ivers,	railw	ay	
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7.4	What dwelling do you leave from when you set out for your usual place of work or study?
1	This dwelling
2	A different dwelling go to quest. 8.1
7.5	After your work or study, is this the dwelling you return to on a daily basis?
1	Yes
2	No
7.8, IF YO PLA PAR REA	OUR ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS 7.6, 7.7 AND REFER TO LAST WEDNESDAY. OU DID NOT COMMUTE TO YOUR USUAL CE OF WORK OR STUDY ON THAT TICULAR DAY (REGARDLESS OF THE SON, E.G. STRIKE, ILLNESS, HOLIDAY, .), REFER INSTEAD TO A TYPICAL DAY
7.6	What time did you leave home to go to your usual place of work or study?
	hour minutes (e.g. 07:30)
7.7	How long did it take you (one way only) to get to your usual place of work or study? (in minutes) [If you took your children to school before proceeding to your place of work or study, indicate the total amount of time required]
	(e.g. total travel time of 1 hour and 15 minutes should be written as 075)
7.8	What means of transportation did you use for the longest portion of the trip (in terms of distance, not time) to get to your usual place of work or study?
01	Train
02	Tram
03	Underground/commuter train
04	Bus (city bus, trolley bus)
05	Bus (non-city bus)
06	School or company bus
07	Private car (as the driver)
80	Private car (as a passenger)
09	Motorcycle, moped, scooter
10	Bicycle
11	Other means (ferry, cable car, etc.)
12	On foot

8 DIFFICULTY WITH DAILY ACTIVITIES
AS PROVIDED FOR BY LAW, RESPONDING TO QUESTIONS 8.1 THROUGH 8.4 IS NOT COMPULSORY
The following questions address difficulties you might experience during any activities as the consequence of HEALTH PROBLEMS. In the questions that follow, please do not consider any problems that are only emporary in nature
8.1 Do you have difficulty with your vision? (even with glasses or contact lenses)
1 No, no difficulty
2 Yes, some difficulty
3 Yes, much difficulty
4 I am unable to see
8.2 Do you have difficulty with your hearing? (even with a hearing aid)
1 No, no difficulty
2 Yes, some difficulty
3 Yes, much difficulty
4 I am unable to hear
8.3 Do you have difficulty walking or climbing up or down stairs? [DO NOT consider the need for mobility aids or personal assistance]
1 No, no difficulty
2 Yes, some difficulty
3 Yes, much difficulty
4 I am unable to walk
8.4 Do you have difficulty with memory or concentration?
1 No, no difficulty
2 Yes, some difficulty
3 Yes, much difficulty
4 I am unable to remember or concentrate



1	PERSONAL INFORMATION
1.1	Relative or cohabitant of the head of household on the Household form
02	Spouse of the head of household
03	Cohabiting partner (partner) of the head of household
04	Son/daughter of the head of household and spouse/partner
05	Son/daughter of the head of household only
06	Son/daughter of the spouse/partner only
07	Parent (or spouse/partner of a parent) of the head of household
80	Father-/mother-in-law of the head of household
09	Brother/sister of the head of household
10	Brother/sister of the spouse/partner
11	Spouse/partner of a brother/sister of the head of household or of the brother/sister of the spouse/partner
12	Son-/daughter-in-law (spouse/partner of a son/daughter) of the head of household and/or the spouse/partner
13	Grandchild (son/daughther of a son/daughter) of the head of household and/or spouse/partner
14	Nephew/niece (son/daughter of a brother/sister) of the head of household and/or spouse/partner
15	Grandmother/grandfather of the head of household or spouse/partner
16	Other relative of the head of household and/or spouse/partner
17	Other cohabitant without any personal or kinship ties or affinities
1.2	Gender
1	Male
2	Female
1.3	Date of birth
	day month year

1	In this municipality In a different Italian municipality ■ In a different Italian municipalit
3	prov. Abroad ♣ specify the foreign country
1.5	Are you registered in the Public Records Office of this municipality? [The municipality of registration is where your identification documents and basic public records (e.g. birth certificate, civil status, etc.) can be retrieved]
1	Yes, in this dwelling
2	Yes, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation specify the municipality
3	No, in a different Italian municipality and the abbreviation for the province
4	prov. No, not in any Italian municipality

1.4 Place of birth

Reserved for the Municipal census office

2 MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIAGES

2.1 Marital status	3.2 Have you had Italian citizenship since birth?									
1 Single • go to quest. 3.1	1 Yes → go to quest. 3.4									
2 Married	2 No •									
3 De facto separated	3.3 How did you obtain Italian citizenship?									
4 De jure separated	in the same of the									
5 Divorced	1 By marriage 2 Other									
6 Widow(er)	specify the foreign country of your previous citizenship									
2.2 Month and year the marriage took place										
[If married more than once, refer to your most recent marriage]										
month year										
monun year										
1 Single 2 Divorced 3 Widow(er)	 [Indicate your mother's birthplace whether or not she is a usual resident of this dwelling, or deceased] 1									
3 CITIZENSHIP										
3.1 What citizenship do you have? [If you have other citizenships (in addition to										
Italian), check box 1 only ("Italian")]										
1 Italian • go to quest. 3.2	0.5 M/I									
2 Foreign specify the foreign country of citizenship and go to quest. 3.4	3.5 Where was your father born? [Indicate your father's birthplace whether or not he is a usual resident of this dwelling, or deceased]									
	1 In Italy									
	2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth									
3 ☐ Stateless (no citizenship) → go to quest. 3.4										



4 PRESEN	NCE AND PRIOR DWELLING	FOR AGE
4.1 Where were the census	e you living as of the date of (09 th October 2011)?	4.5 Whe
1 In this dw		2 1
cohabitati barracks,	• •	3 🔲 1
	rent Italian municipality	
4 Abroad 4.2 Have you e	ver had residency abroad? 2 No → go to quest. 4.5	
		4
	e the month and year of ost recent transfer to Italy	FOR AGE
month	/ year	4.6 Whe
4.4 In what you las	t foreign country did specify the foreign country country	1 1
		3 1
		r

FOR AGES 1 (YEAR) AND OVER

4.5	Where was your usual one year ago (09 th Octo	place of residence bber 2010)?	
1	In this dwelling		
2	In this municipality, but	n a different dwelling or cohabitation	on
3	In a different Italian municipality	 specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province 	
		prov.	
4	Abroad	prov.	
FOR	AGES 5 (YEARS) AND OVE	₹	
4.6	Where was your usual five years ago (09 th Oc	place of residence ober 2006)?	
1	In this dwelling		
2	In this municipality, but	n a different dwelling or cohabitation	on
3	In a different Italian municipality	specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province	
		prov.	
4	Abroad • specify the	prov.	
4	Abroad • specify the	•	
4	Abroad • specify the	•	
4	Abroad • specify the	•	

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FOR A	VCEC.	6 AND	UNDER
FUR /	AGES	UINA 0	UNDER

AGES 6 AND OVER SHOULD BEGIN WITH QUESTION 5.3	5.5 Enter the full title of the educational
FOR AGES 6 AND UNDER	qualification indicated in question 5.3 (e.g. professional agrarian certification diploma,
5.1 The child attends	technical industrial training diploma, academy of fine arts diploma, degree in mathematics under the former
1 Daycare, micro- crèches, drop- in/short-term child care, etc. (3-36 months) 5.2 Specify 1 Public po to quest. 7.1	system, etc.)
2 Nursery school 3 First year 4 Neither daycare nor nursery school nor first year this individual form ends here	
5.3 What is the highest educational qualification you have attained from among those listed below? O1 No formal education and can neither read nor write O2 No formal education but	5.6 Did you complete any regional/provincial vocational training courses lasting 6 months or longer and requiring an upper secondary school diploma for admission? (level II programmes, Higher Technical Education and Training courses)
can both read and write 03 Elementary school qualification (or equivalent) Middle school (or vocational school) qualification • go to quest. 5.7	1 Yes go to quest. 5.9
Completion of lower/middle level of the Music Conservatory or National Academy of Dance (2-3 years) Of Vocational school diploma Teacher training school diploma Of Technical institute diploma Teacher training institute diploma	5.7 Did you complete any regional/provincial vocational training courses lasting 24 months or longer and requiring a middle school certificate for admission? 1 Yes ▶ 5.8 Specify 1 Vocational education and training courses lasting at least three years (completed after 2005) 2 Other regional/provincial vocational training course
University degree (2-3 years) under the former system (including schools dedicated to specialised programmes and vocationally-oriented community colleges Academic diploma of Higher Artistic, Music and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level I Three-year degree (level I) under the new system Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Music or Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level II Degree (4-6 yrs) under the former system,	1 Yes 5.10 How many years of schooling were required to attain the qualification abroad? 2 No
single-cycle specialised Level II degrees or specialistica/magistrale under the new system, two-year specialised degree (level II) under the new system	



5.11 Are you presently enrolled in a regular course of studies? (primary school, lower or upper secondary school, university or A.F.A.M. programme)	6.3 During the period from September 11 th - October 08 th , were you actively seeking employment or did you set up the means to start your own business?								
1 Yes	1 Yeş								
2 No	2 No → go to quest. 6.13								
5.12 In the week preceding the date of the census (October 02 nd – 08 th), did you attend any vocational training/continuing education courses (free of charge or otherwise)? (for example, training programmes organised by the business/company where you work, by the Region or	6.4 If you had the chance, would you be willing to start working within the next two weeks?1 Yes								
Province, private lessons in a foreign language, etc.)	2 No → go to quest. 6.13								
1 Yes	6.5 Have you ever had a paying job or worked as a								
2	family worker?								
FOR THOSE WHO CHECKED ONE OF BOXES 12 THROUGH 17 IN QUESTION 5.3	1 Yes → go to quest. 6.6 2 No → go to quest. 7.1								
5.13 Have you obtained any post-graduate or post-diploma A.F.A.M. qualifications?	IN YOUR ANSWERS TO QUESTION 6.6 THROUGH QUESTION 6.12 REFER TO YOUR								
1 Yes → 5.14 Specify the qualifications attained (multiple responses allowed)	PRIMARY WORK ACTIVITY ONLY IF YOU ARE NOT WORKING AT PRESENT, REFER TO YOUR MOST RECENT JOB								
1 Level I master's degree 2 Level II master's degree	6.6 What type of work do (did) you do?								
	6.7 Vour work is (was)								
3 Specialisation school 2 No Research doctorate	1 As an employee 1 Fixed-term								
2 140 -	A job based on:								
INDIVIDUALS AGED 15 AND OVER PROCEED WITH QUESTION 6.1	2 Permanent coordinated								
INDIVIDUALS AGED UNDER 15 PROCEED WITH QUESTION 7.1	coordinated collaboration (project-based or otherwise)								
6 VOCATIONAL OR NON-VOCATIONAL STATUS	3 Occasional work								
6.1 During the week preceding the date of the	Independent work as:								
census (October 02 nd – 08 th), did you work for at least one hour? [It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid	4 Business owner 6.8 Did (Do) you have paid employees?								
but regular work with the business of a household member]	5 Freelance 1 Yes								
1 Yes→ go to quest. 6.6	6 Self-employed 2 No worker								
2 No	7 Member of a cooperative								
6.2 During the week of October 02 nd – 08 th , did you have a job from which you were absent?	8 Family worker								
(for example, due to illness, vacation, temporary layoff fund (Cassa Integrazione Guadagni), reductions in business activity, etc.)	6.9 Your job is (was)								
1 Yeş go to quest. 6.6	1 Full time								
2 No	2 Part time								

0.10	[Some examples of economic activities included in the sectors listed are in	ndicated in parentheses]
01	Manual or unskilled labour (Farm hand, Custodian, Construction worker, Domestic assistant, Dishwasher, Usher, Porter, Hospital attendant, Refuse collector, Stablehand)	O6 Administrative support (Secretary, Postal service counter worker, Switchboard operator, Administrative assistant, Service counter staff)
02	Operation of manufacturing systems, machinery and assembly lines, driving vehicles (Forklift operator, Assembler of electric devices, Truck driver, Taxi driver, Automatic loom operator, Rolling mill operator, Oil	07 Mid-level technical, administrative, athletic or artistic work (Nurse, Accountant, Surveyor, Electronic technician, Computer analyst, Athlete, Sales representative, Fire chief, Air traffic controller, Insurance agent)
03	mill operator) Skilled labour (Bricklayer, Mechanic, Heating system installer, Shoemaker, tailor, Carpenter, Blacksmith, Upholsterer)	Highly-specialised managerial, technical, intellectual, scientific or artistic work (General or specialised physician, University professor, Actor, Musician, Elementary school teacher, Engineer, Chemist, Agricultural scientist, Pharmacist)
04 05	(Farmer, Fruit grower, Stockman, Fish farmer, Reforester, Gardener, Fisherman)	O9 Business management, administration of a private or public organisation (Business owner, Party chief, Public official, CEO, Chief justice, School principal, Prefect)
03	(Shopkeeper, Police officer, Hairdresser, Cook, Waiter, Flight attendant, Baby sitter, Nanny, Salesperson)	Military of any rank in the Armed Forces – Army, Navy, Air force, Military police (Carabinieri) (General, Medical colonel, Sergeant major, Military police agent (Carabinieri), Airman, Private first class)
6.11	What is the economic activity sector of the factory, organ business, etc., where you work(ed) or that you own(ed)?	
01	Agriculture, fish farming, hunting or fishing	12 Real estate activities (including condominium administration)
02	and mining support services (including the extraction of crude oil and natural gas)	Professional, scientific and technical activities (including research and development, law offices, advertising agencies, veterinary services, etc.)
03	Manufacturing, processing and repairs, maintenance and installation of machinery and equipment (excluding the manufacture and repair of cars and motorcycles, computers and communications equipment and other personal and/or domestic goods)	Leasing, travel agencies, business support services (including call centres, research services, personnel search and selection, etc.)
04	Supply of electricity, gas, steam or air	15 Central and local public administration, Defence and compulsory social security
05	conditioning Supply of water, sewer system management, waste management and reclamation	16 Education and training, public and private (including programmes at military academies, conservatories, courses for sporting, recreational and cultural activities, driving schools)
06	Construction, public works and installation of facilities in buildings	17 Healthcare and social welfare assistance (residential and non-residential) (including daycare centres)
07	Wholesale and retail commerce, repair and maintenance of cars and motorcycles	18 Artistic, sports, entertainment and recreational activities
80	Transport (of passengers or goods by pipelines, road, water or air); storage/warehousing, postal and courier services	(including libraries and archives, museums, gambling halls and game rooms, etc.) 19 Other maintenance and repair services for
09	Accommodation and immediate-consumption restaurant services (including bars, cafes, pubs, ice cream parlours, etc.)	personal and household goods (including the activities of associations, launderers, hairdressers, etc.)
10	Information and communication services (including phone centres and internet points)	20 Family-oriented work and cohabitation as employers of domestic staff
11		21 Overseas bodies and organisations (UN, FAO, embassies on Italian soil)



Individual form

Section II continued

6.12	Но	w n	nany	y ho	our	s do) (d	id)	you	ı us	ual	ly w	orl/	k per	r w	eek?														
h	ours	wor		go	to qı	uest.	7.1																							
	[If yo	ou fit exam	more ple, it	than you	one are a	of the a both	se ca n a ho	atego ousev	ries, vife a	chec nd yo	k the ou col	first of	one t a retir	rement	t per	s on the	neck b		-	une	arneo	1								
1		inco	ome	(retu	irns	on p	rope	erty	or e	quiti	es)	CVIC	Jus	WOIR	aoti	ivity or	1001	51011	. 01	unce	211100	4								
2		As	tude	nt																										
3		A h	ome	mak	er																									
4		Oth	er																											
			05		- 10	VO		0.5	. 6	-111	ВV			_			_				_									
		- L-/≜	CE	U			KN	UR	3	10	אע																			
7.1	Do	you	u go	to	you	ır us	sual	pla	ace	of v	vork	or	stu	idy e	vei	ry day	/?													
1			s, I g atior						(inc	ludir	ng					≻ got	o que	st. 7	.2											
2		Yes	s, I g	o to	a pl	ace	of w	ork							J															
3		No.	bec	ause	els	tudy	at h	ome	9																					
4		No.	, bec	ause	elw	vork	from	hor	ne							go to quest. 8.1														
5			bec									, etc	:.)		Ì		ages vidua													
6			bec																											
		nor	atte	ndin	g ar	ny vo	cati	onal	trai	ning	cou	rses)															
7.2 1 2	[Stu	dent- ineers In t	worke	ers sh n driv nuni eren	nould vers, cipa t Ita	indic pilots lity	ate th	ne ad	dressetc.),	s of the	ne pla ate the	ice of e add ne mi bbre	f wor dress unici	ocate k, not t where pality on for	the pethe	place of service	is ba Wr abl	ite	(park out viat	the	t, stat	ion, o	depot ss w	, airp ithc	ort, po	ort, e ısin	tc.)] ig a	ny	ay	
3		Abı	oad	+	- spe	ecify	the f	oreig	ın co	untr	/		pr	ov.	J	'														
				_	_	_																								



7.4 What dwelling do you leave from when you set out for your usual place of work or study each day?	
1 This dwelling	F
2 A different dwelling go to quest. 8.1 (for ages 6 and under, this individual form ends here)	ı
7.5 After your work or study, is this the dwelling you return to on a daily basis?	(T)
1 Yes go to quest. 8.1 2 No (for ages 6 and under, this individual form ends here)	fol
IN YOUR ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS 7.6, 7.7 AND 7.8, REFER TO LAST WEDNESDAY. IF YOU DID NOT COMMUTE TO YOUR USUAL PLACE OF WORK OR STUDY ON THAT PARTICULAR DAY (REGARDLESS OF THE REASON, E.G. STRIKE, ILLNESS, HOLIDAY, ETC.), REFER INSTEAD TO A TYPICAL DAY	8
7.6 At what time did you leave home to go to your usual place of work or study?	8
hour minutes (e.g. 07:30)	
7.7 How long did it take you (one way only) to get to your usual place of work or study? (in minutes) [If you took your children to school before proceeding to your place of work or study, indicate the total amount of time required]	
(e.g. total travel time of 1 hour and 15 minutes should be written as 075)	3
7.8 What means of transportation did you use for the longest portion of the trip (in terms of distance, not time) to get to your usual place of work or study?	
01 Train	
02 Tram	
03 Underground/commuter train	8
04 Bus (city bus, trolley bus)	
05 Bus (non-city bus)	
06 School or company bus	
07 Private car (as the driver)	
08 Private car (as a passenger)	
09 Motorcycle, moped, scooter	
10 Bicycle	
11 Other means (ferry, cable car, etc.)	
12 On foot	

FOR AGES 6 AND OVER

8

DIFFICULTY WITH DAILY ACTIVITIES

AS PROVIDED FOR BY LAW, RESPONDING TO QUESTIONS 8.1 THROUGH 8.4 IS NOT COMPULSORY

[The following questions address difficulties you might experience during any activities as the consequence of HEALTH PROBLEMS. In the questions that follow, please do not consider any problems that are only temporary in nature]

1	Do you have difficulty with your vision? (even with glasses or contact lenses)
1	No, no difficulty
2	Yes, some difficulty
3	Yes, much difficulty
4	I am unable to see
2	Do you have difficulty with your hearing? (even with a hearing aid)
1	No, no difficulty
2	Yes, some difficulty
3	Yes, much difficulty
4	I am unable to hear
3 1 2	Do you have difficulty walking or climbing up or down stairs? [DO NOT consider the need for mobility aids or personal assistance] No, no difficulty Yes, some difficulty
3	Yes, much difficulty
4	I am unable to walk
4	Do you have difficulty with memory or concentration?
1	No, no difficulty
2	Yes, some difficulty
3	Yes, much difficulty
4	I am unable to remember or concentrate
	1 2 3 4 2 1 2 3 4 4 1 1 2 3

Reserved for the Municipal census office

STATISTICAL SECRECY, OBLIGATION TO RESPOND, PROTECTING THE CONFIDENTIALITY AND RIGHTS OF PARTICIPANTS

- Regulation (EC) no. 763 of 09th July 2008 "Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the population and housing census";
- Decree no. 78 of 31st May 2010, converted with amendments into Law no. 122 of 20th July 2010 "Urgent measures concerning financial stabilization and economic competitiveness" article 50 (Census);
- "General Plan for the 15th General Population and Housing Census," adopted with Resolution of the President of the National Statistical Institute no. 6/11/PRES (Official Gazette, 08th March 2011 General Series no. 55);
- Legislative Decree no. 322 of 06th September 1989, and subsequent amendments and additions "Regulations on the National Statistical System and the reorganization of the National Statistical Institute" article 6-bis (processing of personal data), 7 (obligation to provide statistical data), 8 (professional secrecy of staff of statistics offices), 9 (provisions for the protection of statistical secrecy), 11 (administrative fines), 13 (National Statistical Programme);
- Presidential Decree no. 166 of 07th September 2010 "Regulation regarding the reorganization of the National Statistical Institute":
- Presidential Decree no. 223 of 30th May 1989, "Approval of new regulations regarding population records";
- Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003, "Code concerning the protection of personal data" article 2 (purposes), 4 (definitions), 7-10 (rights of the data subject), 13 (information), 28-30 (people who process the data), 104-110 (processing for statistical or scientific purposes);
- "Code of ethics and good conduct for the processing of personal data for the purposes of statistics and scientific research carried out within the context of the National Statistical System," in particular article 7 (notice communication to data subjects who do not form part of the National Statistical System) and article 8 (communication of data between Sistan subjects) (Annex A.3 of the Code concerning the protection of personal data Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003);
- Prime Ministerial Decree of 31st March 2011 "Approval of three-year national statistical programme 2011-2013," and related provisions pursuant to article 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322 of 1989, containing respectively the list of surveys to which the obligation to respond applies to private subjects and the list of surveys for which provision is made for the application of fines in the event of violation of said obligation.



SP/813.2011 Rome, 11th July 2011

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am sending you this letter to inform you that the National Statistical Institute (ISTAT), the organisation which produces Italian public statistics and reports to the European Union, will conduct, during the month of October 2011, the **15th General population and housing census**, as scheduled under the 2011-2013 National Statistical Programme (code IST-02406).

The nationwide Census, which is conducted every ten years, constitutes a significant survey which will make it possible to learn about the demographic and social structure of Italy and its regions, to acquire useful information for a better understanding of the world in which we live and for Institutions, businesses and individual citizens to be able to make more informed choices. Indeed, it will be we citizens who play the leading role in the survey, and everyone's cooperation will be valuable. Furthermore, some of the data will also be used by the Municipalities in order to revise their population registers. You are therefore invited to contribute to the success of this important, delicate survey by answering – if possible via Internet – the questions contained in the questionnaire, which you will find enclosed with this letter together with the *guide to filling in the questionnaire*. As the reference date of the Census is **09**th **October 2011**, I would ask you not to fill in the questionnaire before that date.

I would like to reassure you regarding the protection of the data and information with which you provide us by answering the various questions. The data collected during the General population and housing census, in fact, are protected by provisions concerning statistical secrecy and subject to the personal data protection code (Legislative Decree no. 196/2003). We would like to make clear that these data, when processed both for the census and on subsequent occasions, may be used exclusively for statistical purposes by subjects within the National Statistical System and by census organisations and may be communicated for the purposes of scientific research in accordance with the conditions and procedures provided for by article 7 of the Code of ethics for the processing of personal data for statistical purposes.

ISTAT is legally obliged to conduct the Population and housing census and citizens are obliged to take part in it. The obligation to provide a response and the application of fines in the event of this obligation being violated are governed by articles 7 and 11 of Legislative Decree no. 322/1989 and subsequent amendments and additions. Nevertheless, as provided for by current legislation, you will be able to decide whether or not to respond to a number of these questions concerning so-called "sensitive data" contained in the section of the questionnaire entitled "Difficulty with everyday activities". Given the importance of the survey, I will be grateful if you choose to provide us with this information as well. To this end I should inform you that while the census data may be published, without direct identification details, with counts of fewer than three units, this does not apply to data of a sensitive nature.

The data controller for personal data is ISTAT – Istituto Nazionale di Statistica (National Statistical Institute), Via Cesare Balbo 16 – 00184 Rome; the data processor for ISTAT is the Central Director for General Censuses, who may be contacted in order to find out the names of the other individuals responsible for data processing and for information concerning the exercise of the rights of the individual concerned.

For any further information, you may contact the freephone number 800 069 701 which is active every day from 01st October 2011 until 29th February 2012 (excluding 25th December 2011 and 01st January 2012) from 9 am to 7 pm and during the period from 09th October to 19th November 2011 from 8 am to 10 pm, or write to the e-mail address infocens2011@istat.it.

I would like to thank you and your family in advance for your valuable cooperation.

Yours faithfully

Enrico Giovannini

STATISTICAL SECRECY, OBLIGATION TO RESPOND, PROTECTION OF PRIVACY AND RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE CONCERNED

- Regulation (EC) no. 763 of 09th July 2008, "Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on population and housing censuses";
- Decree Law no. 78 of 31st May 2010, converted with amendments into Law no. 122 of 20th July 2010, "Urgent measures concerning financial stabilisation and economic competitiveness" article 50 (Census);
- "General Plan of the 15th General Population and Housing Census", adopted with Resolution of the President of the National Statistical Institute no. 6/11/PRES of 18th February 2011 (Official Gazette, 08th March 2011 General Series no. 55);
- Legislative Decree no. 322 of 06th September 1989 and subsequent amendments and additions, "Regulations on the National Statistical System and on the reorganisation of the National Statistical Institute" article 6-bis (processing of personal data), 7 (obligation to provide statistical data), 8 (professional secrecy of staff of statistics offices), 9 (provisions for the protection of statistical secrecy), 11 (administrative fines), 13 (National Statistical Programme);
- Presidential Decree no. 166 of 07th September 2010, "Regulation regarding the reorganisation of the National Statistical Institute";
- Presidential Decree no. 223 of 30th May 1989, "Approval of new regulations regarding population records";
- Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003, "Code concerning the protection of personal data" article 2 (purposes), 4 (definitions), 7-10 (rights of the data subject), 13 (information), 28-30 (people who process the data), 104-110 (processing for statistical or scientific purposes);
- "Code of ethics and good conduct for the processing of personal data for the purposes of statistics and scientific research carried out within the context of the National Statistical System", in particular article 7 (communication to data subjects who do not form part of the National Statistical System) and article 8 (communication of data between Sistan subjects) (Annex A.3 of the Code concerning the protection of personal data Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003);
- Prime Ministerial Decree of 31st March 2011 "Approval of the three-year National statistical programme 2011-2013" and related provisions pursuant to article 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322 of 1989, containing respectively the list of surveys to which the obligation to respond applies to private subjects and the list of surveys for which provision is made for the application of fines in the event of violation of said obligation.

Instructions for filling in the Household Form Version CP.1

SECTION I - INFORMATION ABOUT HOUSEHOLD AND DWELLING

1 Type of dwelling and household

Question 1.1

Dwelling refers to a room (or set of rooms) that is:

- regularly dedicated to residential use;
- separate (i.e. surrounded by walls and covered by a roof);
- independent (with at least one external access that is either independent or through shared entry areas road, courtyard, stairs, landings, common balconies, terraces, etc. access, in other words, does not require passing through other dwellings);
- incorporated in a building (or constitutes a building).

Other dwelling type refers to dwellings that do not satisfy the above definition (being mobile, semi-permanent or makeshift), occupied by one or more individuals as regular or temporary housing (e.g. caravan, tent, camper, cabin, shed, cave, garage, basement, barn, etc.) as of the date of the Census.

Accommodation at a diplomatic or consular centre refers to dwellings located in foreign countries.

Collective residential structure refers to facilities used to house large groups of people and/or one or more families. This category includes hotels, hospitals, rest homes for senior citizens and reception centres and institutes of various kinds (religious, healthcare-related, welfare support, educational, etc.).

- If the family is being housed in a diplomatic or consular centre, check box 3.
- If the family's place of usual residence is in a collective residential structure, check box 4. Example: families with a
 place of usual residence in a tourist complex or hotel rooms, families residing in structures that do not qualify as
 dwellings and that are located inside collective residential structures (e.g. a hospital custodian's family that lives inside
 the structure itself).

In Section 1, families living in an **Other type of lodging** or **Lodging at a diplomatic or consular location** should only answer the questions in points 1 (type of dwelling and family), 5 (car and parking space) and 6 (telephone and internet connection).

In Section 1, families living in Collective residential structures should only answer questions 1.1 and 1.4.

Question 1.2

Check box 1 if only one family lives there; check box 2 if two or more families live there. Note that two families living in the same dwelling are only considered multiple families in the absence of kinship ties or personal relationships.

Question 1.3

This question should only be answered by families that checked box 2 in question 1.2. If applicable, use the dedicated section to enter the questionnaire code for each cohabiting family (excluding your own) and the last and first name of its head of household. The **questionnaire code** is the unique 13-digit identifier located in the top right-hand corner of the first page of each Household form.

If more than 4 families live in the dwelling, please call the following toll-free number: 800-069701.

Question 1.4

Check box 1 if the dwelling is owned in full or in part by at least one of the people who live there. Box 1 should also be checked if residence in the dwelling is attributable to right of user or some other right in rem (e.g. use, dwelling) or in the case of subsidised housing, or when only the bare property was purchased, or when the owner is living in part of his/her house while renting out the rest.

Check box 2 or 3 when the dwelling is not owned by anyone who lives there and is being rented (box 2) or occupied under some other form of entitlement (box 3), that is, for free or in exchange for services.

2 Property/ownership and structure of the dwelling

Question 2.1

Check one box only to indicate the owner of the dwelling. If the property is owned jointly by multiple subjects (individuals, businesses, etc.) indicate the owner with the largest stake in the property. For bare property, indicate the owner of the bare property.

Question 2.2

Use square metres (rounded, no decimals) to indicate the dwelling's internal surface area, i.e., the floor surface minus the walls (walkable surface area), but excluding balconies, terraces and secondary structures (e.g. basements, attics, garages, etc.). If the dwelling has multiple floors or includes rooms with independent access, the sum should include the total surface area of all of the different parts.

Question 2.3

Indicate the total number of rooms in the dwelling <u>excluding bathrooms</u>, <u>kitchens</u>, <u>kitchenettes</u>, <u>extra spaces</u> and <u>secondary structures</u> (e.g. cellars, attics, garages, etc.). While calculating this sum, keep in mind that:

- rooms with independent access but functionally attached to the dwelling and being used by the family should be considered part of the same dwelling;
- large rooms divided into different parts with different functions or separated into two or more rooms by arches or mobile dividers should be counted as multiple rooms;
- multi-purpose rooms with kitchen corners should be included in the count.

Use the following definitions to answer the question appropriately:

Room: a space that receives air and light directly from the outside and that is large enough to hold a bed while leaving enough space for one person to move around. Bedrooms and living rooms, for instance, qualify as rooms as long as they meet the above characteristics. Kitchens, kitchenettes, extra spaces and bathrooms, on the other hand, do not count as rooms even if they satisfy these criteria. Rooms without windows do not count unless they serve a domestic function, like a bedroom.

Rooms with independent access: rooms (that are physically separate) with direct outside access that does not depend on any other rooms in the main body of the dwelling. Rooms like these are used by the same people who live there and serve as a functional complement to the dwelling.

Associated structures: cellars, attics, garages, etc., i.e. rooms that are designed and used regularly to service the dwelling (but not necessarily located in the same building).

Accessory space: spaces that serve as access areas for rooms, bathrooms and sanitary facilities, storage closets and similar. These include entryways, internal stairways, hallways, bathrooms, dressing rooms, storage closets, etc.

Kitchen: a room (or part of a room) equipped with cooking equipment and appliances and a permanent dish-washing system, and used for these purposes whether or not eating, sleeping or other activities take place in the same space. Three categories serve to classify different types of kitchens based on size and purpose:

- a) full kitchen: a "traditional" room-sized (see definition of "room") kitchen equipped and used primarily for cooking and eating;
- b) **kitchenette**: a kitchen that is smaller than a room, almost always just big enough to contain the necessary appliances:
- c) **kitchen corner**: part of a larger room set aside for eating meals and also as a kitchen nook, a portion of which includes kitchen appliances. The room is used in different ways, and the kitchen itself is not its primary purpose.

Question 2.4

These are rooms used <u>exclusively</u> for work (the studio for a freelance professional, the office of a self-employed worker or the workshop of a craftsperson) by one or more people who live in the dwelling.

Question 2.5 (multiple responses allowed)

See question 2.3 for the definitions of kitchen, kitchenette and kitchen corner. If there is more than one kitchen, indicate how many. Only check box 4 if there is <u>no</u> kitchen, kitchenette or kitchen corner.

Water and sanitation systems

Question 3.1 (if yes, multiple responses are allowed)

Check box 3 if your drinking water does not come from public water utilities or a well, but instead from an indirect source such as a cistern that is refilled periodically. Check box 4 if the only water available inside the dwelling is not fit to drink.

Question 3.2

Availability of hot water (for sanitary purposes in the bathroom and/or kitchen: sanitary hot water) refers only to water that is heated by a permanent system, not on the stovetop or with other systems.

Question 3.3

Answer "Yes" (box 1) if your hot water is supplied exclusively by the heating system of the dwelling itself. Answer "No" (box 2) if your hot water comes from a separate system, such as a gas- or electric-powered water boiler. Answer "No" (box 2) if your hot water is entirely or partly heated by solar panels.

Question 3.4 (multiple responses allowed)

Answer only if there is a hot water production system that is separate from the heating system.

Question 3.5

Showers and bathtubs refer to fixtures that are permanently connected to a water supply with drainage for waste water, and that are located inside the dwelling or in rooms with independent access.

While answering, keep in mind that a shower and a bathtub located in the same room should be counted as two fixtures if they are separate, while a bathtub that contains a shower fixture should be counted as one fixture.

Question 3.6

Toilets refer to fixtures that are permanently connected to a water supply with drainage for waste water, and that are located inside the dwelling or in rooms with independent access.

4 Climate control system (heating, air conditioning, renewable energy)

Question 4.1

Answer "No" (box 2) if the dwelling does <u>not</u> include any kind of heating system, or only includes mobile space heaters that run on electricity, gas or other power sources.

Question 4.2 (multiple responses allowed)

Use the following definitions to answer the question appropriately:

Centralised system: designed to heat all of the dwellings in the same building, and housed in a dedicated utility room (cellar, basement, etc.) that does not belong to any specific dwelling. This includes systems connected to public district heating networks.

Permanent independent system: designed to heat a single dwelling and usually located inside it or nearby (e.g. a heating unit located in a dedicated room or balcony/terrace; solar panels located on the roof, etc.) and that is controlled independently.

Individual permanent devices: not connected to a centralised or permanent independent system, but not mobile, e.g. fireplaces, individual built-in gas radiators, heat pumps, electric surface elements, stoves that burn wood, kerosene or LPG (liquid petroleum gas).

Indicate the type of fuel or energy that each heating unit runs on. Each checked box corresponds to both a unit type and the fuel or energy source that powers it. For example, check box 10 to indicate an independent system for that dwelling's exclusive use and fuelled by LPG, or check box 1 to indicate a centralised system that runs on methane or natural gas. Check the appropriate boxes for multiple responses - for instance, if the dwelling has both an independent methane-gas-powered unit and a wood-burning fireplace, check boxes 8 and 25.

Question 4.3

Answer "Yes" (box 1) if the dwelling is equipped with a system that generates electricity from renewable energy resources. Renewable energy resources are "non-fossil energy resources (wind, solar, geothermal, wave energy, tidal energy, hydraulic, biomass, waste gas, landfill gas from treatment processes and biogas)" - article 2 of Legislative Decree no. 387/03.

Question 4.4

Answer "Yes" (box 1) if the dwelling is equipped with a permanent air conditioning system (e.g. split permanent or monoblock permanent, with radiant panels in the floors/walls/ceiling, etc.). Answer "No" for mobile air conditioning units.

5 Car and parking space

Question 5.1

Available refers to both automobile ownership and any other opportunity for exclusive use of a car (long-term rental, user, assignee, etc.) by a family member.

Question 5.2

Garage: refers to an enclosed space that is designed for and used for storing one or more automobiles.

Parking space in communal garage: in reference to reserved, personal use, located in an enclosed area designed for and used for storing a number of automobiles. For example, condominium garages beneath apartment buildings and dedicated parking garage structures.

Uncovered parking space: a reserved, personal space located in the open, e.g. in a courtyard, under the *raised bottom* floor of a building, uncovered on the top floor of a parking garage or similar.

Indicate whether the family has access to at least one (if more, specify how many) personal, guaranteed parking space in or near the building they live in. Access means that use of the parking space is guaranteed (at any time) due to ownership, rental arrangement, privilege free of charge, etc.

6 Telephone and internet connection

Question 6.1

Check box 1 ("Yes") if there is at least one working land-line telephone (with a phone company contract). Check box 2 ("No") if the dwelling has no telephone system, or if there is a telephone system but without an active phone company contract.

Question 6.2

Check box 2 ("No") if no family members have a cellular phone.

Question 6.3

Indicate the number of family members who have at least one cellular phone.

Question 6.4

Check box 1 ("Yes") if an internet connection of any kind is available.

Question 6.5 (multiple responses allowed)

Check box 3 if there is a broadband WI-FI or a broadband WIMAX connection.

1 Personal information

The question on "relatives and cohabitants of the head of household on the Household form" and the questions on gender, civil status and date of marriage serve to gather information about families and households and, more specifically, to learn more about their composition, size and type (e.g. how many couples have children, how many children live with only one parent, how many people live alone, etc.).

Question 1.1

Indicate the kinship or cohabitation relationship with the head of household as indicated on the Household form. The head of household on the Household form is the person under whose name the family form is filed in the Municipal Public Records Office.

- The head of household on the Household form or reference person (person 01 from List A) has already answered these questions and need not answer them again.
- The individual who lives together with the head of household on the Household form as their partner should check the box for category 03, regardless of whether they form part of a different-sex or same-sex couple.
- Children are directly identified as such by the head of household and/or their spouse/partner.
- Children of the spouse/partner of the head of household only should check box 06 ("Child of spouse/partner only"), even if the parent is deceased or does not live in the dwelling.
- Parents (or spouse of a parent) of the head of household's partner should check box 08 ("Mother/Father-in-law of head of household").
- Relatives (other than children) of the head of household's spouse/partner only should check the box for the corresponding kinship tie, even if the head of household's spouse/partner does not live in the dwelling.
- Relatives of the head of household and/or the spouse/partner who have not been included in the responses (uncle of the head of household or the spouse/partner, cousin of the head of household or the spouse/partner, etc.) and who live in this dwelling should check box 16 ("Other relative of head of household and/or spouse/partner").
- Individuals who live in this dwelling but who have no kinship ties with the head of household or the spouse/partner should check box 17 ("Other cohabitant with no personal ties, kinship or relationship"). If such individuals constitute a family of their own, they should fill out another Household form.
- People who work for the family (housekeepers, family helpers) and live in the dwelling should check box 17. If they
 constitute a family of their own, they should fill out another Household form.

Question 1.2

"Gender" is the essential variable for interpreting and comparing statistical data about men and women.

Question 1.3

The date-of-birth question allows us to minimise the risk of errors in the information used to calculate ages in years.

The date of birth should be written in numbers, not letters. The day and the month should be indicated using two digits, adding a prefix of 0 as needed (for example: 05/06/1967).

Question 1.4

The question about place of birth (place where the birth occurred) is asked so that it can be combined with other data (e.g. place of residence) to reveal population movements within Italy and between Italy and other Countries.

- Individuals born in the municipality they currently reside in should check box 1 ("In this municipality").
- Individuals born in a different Italian municipality should indicate the municipality where they were born. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.). Please include the two-letter abbreviation for the province that the municipality belongs to as of the Census date.
- Individuals born abroad should use the current name of the foreign country where the place of birth is located. Indicate
 the foreign country of birth in the Italian language and the Latin alphabet.

Question 1.5

The question on registration with the municipal Public Records Office allows us to identify the place of residence with greater precision. The municipality of public registration is where the individual in question can request identification documents and certifications of basic public records. The head of household need not respond if the first page of the Household form bears a pre-printed address.

- Individuals registered in the Public Records Office of their official municipality should check box 1 ("Yes, in this dwelling") or box 2 ("Yes, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation").
- Individuals registered in the Public Records Office of a different Italian municipality should indicate the name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.).
 Please include also the abbreviation for the province that the municipality belongs to.
- Individuals not registered in the Public Records Office of any Italian municipality should check box 4 ("No, not in any Italian municipality").

Note that the term **cohabitation** refers, for example, to educational institutions (boarding schools, seminaries, etc.), welfare institutions (orphanages, family housing, rest homes for the disabled and senior citizens, etc.), healthcare

institutions (hospitals, clinics, etc.), prisons, ecclesiastical housing, military centres (military hospitals, military prisons, barracks, etc.), hotels, boarding houses, rental properties and similar, merchant ships (cruise ships, etc.), and so on.

2 Civil status and marriage

Question 2.1

- Married individuals who no longer live with their spouse due to personal difficulties with their relationship should check box 3 ("De facto separated"), not box 2 ("Married").
- Married individuals who live separately from their spouse due to necessity or other contingencies, alternatively, should check box 2 ("Married"), not box 3 ("De facto separated").
- "Formerly married" individuals (i.e., who obtained the dissolution or cessation of the civil status of marriage pursuant to Law no. 898 of 01st December 1970) should check box 5 ("Divorced").

Question 2.2

- Anyone who has been married at least one time should respond, including individuals who are currently married, separated (whether de facto or de jure), divorced or widowed.
- The date of the marriage itself should be indicated in numbers, not words (for example: 05/1969); for multiple marriages, use the date of the most recent marriage.

Question 2.3

The question on civil status prior to the most recent marriage provides additional information about the formation of couples and thus different types of households.

Indicate your civil status prior to the most recent marriage, even if you have only been married one time.

Anyone who has been married at least one time should respond, including individuals who are currently married, separated (whether de facto or de jure), divorced or widowed.

3 Citizenship

The citizenship questions serve to determine how many Italian residents are citizens of Italy and how many are citizens of other countries. When combined with the age distribution of the resident population, citizenship information helps us calculate the size and makeup of the eligible voting population.

The questions on parents' place of birth (mother and father) serve to reconstruct the origins of each individual, especially immigrants and their descendants.

Question 3.1

- Foreigners should check box 2 and specify the name of their foreign country of citizenship in Italian using the Latin alphabet.
- Individuals with another citizenship in addition to their Italian citizenship should indicate Italian citizenship only (by checking box 1).
- Foreign citizens with multiple citizenships (but not Italian citizenship) should indicate a single foreign country of residence according to the following order of preference: a) European Union Countries, b) other Countries. For multiple citizenships within group a) or within group b) countries, select a single foreign country of your choice.
- Individuals without any citizenship should declare themselves stateless (by checking box 3). The stateless category
 also applies to people whose citizenship status has yet to be clarified following the dissolution, separation or unification
 of different States.

Question 3.2

- Italians who are citizens by birth should check box 1 ("Yes") even if they were born abroad.
- Italians who became citizens after applying for and being granted citizenship by a competent authority, or who acquired Italian citizenship by marriage, ordinary or extraordinary naturalisation or birth in Italy and with uninterrupted legal residency since the age of 18 should check box 2 ("No"). Box 2 should also be checked if Italian citizenship was acquired "automatically" for example:
 - a) a minor who acquired Italian citizenship by being adopted by an Italian citizen, or through acknowledgement of maternity or paternity (or legal declaration of filiation) by an Italian parent;
 - b) a cohabitating child (minor) who acquired Italian citizenship.

Question 3.3

If you checked box 2 in question 3.2 (Italian citizen, but not by birth), then:

- specify whether Italian citizenship was acquired by marriage or in another way (naturalisation, for example);
- indicate the foreign state of prior citizenship, in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Questions 3.4 and 3.5

If your parents were born abroad, indicate the current name of the foreign country where their place of birth is located. Indicate the foreign country of birth in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Instructions for filling in the questionnaire - CP.1

4 Prior Presence and Residence

The questions in point 4 allow us to identify internal and international migrants. Internal migrants are individuals who used to reside in a different municipality from the one they reside in at the time of the survey. International migrants are individuals who resided in a different Country at some point in their life, regardless of their specific Country of birth and citizenship.

Question 4.1

Check the box corresponding to your location as of the date of the Census.

Check box 1 ("In this dwelling") or 2 ("In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or residence") even if the individual was absent from his/her municipality on 09th October 2011, but returned on 10th October 2011 and did not complete the survey elsewhere.

Note that the term **cohabitation** refers, for example, to educational institutions (boarding schools, seminaries, etc.), welfare institutions (orphanages, family housing, rest homes for the disabled and senior citizens, etc.), healthcare institutions (hospitals, clinics, etc.), prisons, ecclesiastical housing, military centres (military hospitals, military prisons, barracks, etc.), hotels, boarding houses, rental properties and similar, merchant ships (cruise ships, etc.), and so on.

Question 4.2

Respondents should indicate whether they were ever residents anywhere abroad, regardless of their Country of birth and citizenship and regardless of any other residency transfers that might have taken place inside Italy.

You only need to check box 1 if you lived abroad for <u>at least 12 months</u> (for family, work, study or other reasons) and if your arrival (or return) to Italy involved registering (or re-registering) at the Public Records Office of an Italian municipality.

Question 4.3

Those who were residents abroad should indicate the month and year of their last permanent transfer to Italy.

Question 4.4

Those who were residents abroad should indicate the foreign country of last residency as defined by current international borders, in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Question 4.5 (For ages 1 year and up)

Individuals who checked box 3 - place of usual residence in a different Italian municipality one year ago - should indicate the current name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.).

Question 4.6 (For ages 5 and up)

Individuals who checked box 3 - place of usual residence in a different Italian municipality five years ago - should indicate the current name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.).

Individuals who checked box 4 - place of usual residence abroad five years ago - should indicate the name of the foreign country in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Education and training

Questions 5.1 and 5.2 (for ages 6 and under)

The head of household on the Household form or reference person (person 01 from List A) need not answer these questions.

- <u>Children under the age of 6</u> who do not attend daycare or nursery school (scuola dell'infanzia, formerly scuola materna) and <u>are already in first grade</u> (primary school) children born between 10th October and 31st December 2005, for instance should answer question 5.1 by checking box 3 ("Elementary school").
- Children under the age of 6 who do not attend daycare, nursery school (scuola dell'infanzia, formerly scuola materna) or first grade (primary school) should answer question 5.1 by checking box 4 and finish by filling in the individual Form.

Questions 5.3 and 5.4 (for ages 6 and up)

The educational qualifications listed here are the ones awarded in the Italian educational system.

- First graders in elementary school (primary school) should check box 02.
- Individuals with two or more educational qualifications for the same grade should indicate the one they consider most relevant to their actual occupation.
- Individuals (especially foreign citizens) who gained higher educational qualifications while abroad should check the box for the corresponding Italian qualification.
- Foreign citizens without any educational qualifications should choose between category 01 ("No educational qualification and cannot read or write") and 02 ("No educational qualification but can read and write") in reference to their native language.
- Only those who checked box 06 or 08 in question 5.3 should answer question 5.4.

The following instructions need to be followed to provide appropriate responses to questions 5.3 and 5.4:

category 03: Elementary school qualification (or equivalent) corresponds to completion of the first level of basic education. The qualification awarded on completion of a type C qualification awarded by public schools is comparable to the elementary qualification;

category 04: Middle school qualification (or vocational school), as awarded prior to the institution of comprehensive middle schools, corresponds to completion of the second level of basic education. An elementary school qualification (or equivalent) is required for admission to this level;

category 05: Compimento inferiore/medio, Music conservatory or National Academy of Dance.

These correspond to intermediate qualifications awarded by a Music Conservatory or National Academy of Dance prior to the reforms of 1999 (Law no. 508/99) in A.F.A.M.

This category includes the final diploma awarded by a Music conservatory or Dance Academy but <u>not</u> the upper secondary school diploma.

Holders of a final diploma from the Music conservatory or Dance Academy <u>and</u> an upper secondary school diploma should check box 12 ("Diploma from the Academy of Fine Arts, etc...");

categories 06, 07 and 08: Vocational school, Teacher training school and Art school diplomas from Vocational schools, Teacher training schools or Art schools are divided into:

- <u>vocational school qualification</u>, teacher training school license or art school qualification awarded at the end of an upper secondary school study programme that lasts less than 4 years (2-3 year programmes); insufficient to begin university studies. A middle school (or basic vocational foundation) qualification is required for admission. Individuals whose highest educational qualification is the vocational school qualification, teacher training school license or art school qualification should check box 1 in question 5.4;
- <u>high school diploma (or state exam)</u> awarded upon completion of a 4-5 year course of upper secondary studies that is sufficient for beginning university studies. A lower middle school (or vocational school) qualification is required for admission to the course. Individuals whose highest educational qualification is the high school diploma (state exam) awarded by a vocational school, teacher training school or art school should check box 2 in question 5.4:

category 09: Technical school diploma awarded upon completion of a 4-5 year course of upper secondary studies that is sufficient for beginning university studies. A lower middle school (or vocational school) qualification is required for admission:

category 10: Teacher training school diploma awarded upon completion of a 4-5 year course of upper secondary studies that is sufficient for beginning university studies. A lower middle school (or vocational school) qualification is required for admission;

category 11: High school diploma (classical, scientific, etc.) upper secondary school diploma awarded upon completion of a course of studies at a classical, scientific, linguistic, artistic or socio-psycho-pedagogical high school. It is attained upon completion of a 4-5 year course of upper secondary studies and is sufficient for beginning university studies. A middle (or vocational school) school qualification is required for admission;

category 12: Diploma from the Academy of Fine Arts, Dance, Dramatic Arts, ISIA, etc., Conservatory (former system) refers to courses that were active prior to the institution of Higher Artistic, Music, and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.) courses and includes:

• final diploma awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dramatic Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA) under the former system <u>prior to the reform</u> of the A.F.A.M. sector (Law no. 508/99).

Check category 05 if you also do not have an upper secondary school diploma.

Check box 14 even if you attended the supplementary post-diploma course.

diploma awarded by a School for Interpreters and Translators prior to Law no. 697/86 (see category 15);

category 13: University degree (2-3 years) under the former system (including schools dedicated to specialised programmes and vocationally-oriented community colleges) awarded upon completion of a university degree programme or other specialised programmes. It is attained after a course of studies lasting no less than 2 but no more than 3 years (degree in statistics, elementary school supervision, ISEF degree under the former system, degree in paleography or musical philology, etc.). In international terms, the university degree represents the first step of the level I university course of studies (e.g. bachelor's degree - or first degree - in England). Admission to these programmes requires an upper secondary school diploma (4-5 year programme);

category 14: Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Music and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level I.

This refers to programmes that were enacted after the A.F.A.M. sector reforms (Law no. 508/99), which are accessible after obtaining an upper secondary school diploma. These include academic degrees awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA), which are programmes under the new system.

They correspond to degrees awarded upon completion of three-year programmes;

category 15: Three-year degree (level I) under the new system.

Following the reforms in higher education, two consecutive cycles were defined: the Level I degree and Level II degree (laurea specialistica/magistrale). The three-year level I Degree is a three-year programme, and includes the qualifications awarded by an Advanced school for linguistic mediators) established after the reform (Law no. 697/86);

category 16: Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Music or Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level II.

These refer to programmes enacted following A.F.A.M. sector reforms (Law no. 508/99), and are only accessible with a level I upper secondary school diploma or three-year degree. They include academic degrees awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dramatic Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA), which are programmes under the new system.

They correspond to the degrees awarded upon completion of two-year programmes;

category 17: Degree (4-6 years) under the former system, single-cycle level II degrees (laurea specialistica/magistrale) under the new system includes:

- Extended degree under the former system, the qualification obtained upon completion of a university course of studies lasting no less than 4 and no more than 6 years. Admission to these programmes requires an upper secondary school diploma (4-5 year programme). In international terms, this degree represents the second step in the first cycle of university education (e.g. the French *maitrise*):
- Single-cycle <u>Level II degrees</u> (lauree <u>specialistiche/magistrali)</u> include Pharmacy, Dentistry, Veterinary Science, Architecture/Construction Engineering (lasting 5 years), Medicine (6 years) and Law (active since 2007-2008). The first 3 years of these programmes do not culminate in any qualification, which is not awarded until the entire programme is completed.

Question 5.5

While specifying the highest level of education that was successfully completed, refer to the indications in questions 5.3 and 5.4. Do not report post-graduate and post-A.F.A.M. educational qualifications, such as Master's degrees, specialisation, PhDs, etc.

Question 5.6

This refers to regional/provincial vocational training courses that last 6 months or longer and that require an upper secondary school diploma for admission.

Level II programmes are reserved for upper secondary diploma holders aged under 25 (the age limit is higher for degree holders, etc.) and/or unemployed individuals aged 25 or over with the appropriate educational or vocational credentials.

Higher Technical Education and Training Courses (IFTS) are programmes financed by the European Social Fund and Regional government to train specialised Technicians and professional figures to a post-secondary level (e.g. Higher technical education for insurance claims management, for Telecommunications, for Organisation and marketing of integrated tourism, etc.). The Regions award a Higher Technical Specialisation qualification that is valid nationwide and equivalent to Level 4 in the ISCED (International Standard Classification of Education) classification.

Questions 5.7 and 5.8

This refers to regional/provincial vocational training courses that last 24 months or longer and that require a middle school qualification for admission.

Only those who checked box 1 in question 5.7 should answer question 5.8, doing so by specifying the regional/provincial training programme.

Three-year Programmes for Vocational Training and Education (IFP). These courses fulfil the requirement to complete compulsory education and provide a vocational qualification (e.g. tourism promotion and reception, sales point operator, etc.). Check box 1 if you finished this programme after 2005.

operator, etc.). Check box 1 if you finished this programme after 2005.

<u>Legislative references</u>: **Agreement of 19th June 2003** on occasion of the Unified Conference - Experimental vocational training and education programmes; **Agreement of 15th January 2004, no. 1901**, on occasion of the Regional-State Conference; **Agreement of 28th October 2004** on occasion of the Unified Conference - Definition of criteria and recommendation of models for final and intermediate certification and recognition of credits.

Other Regional/provincial vocational training programmes dedicated to young unemployed individuals who have completed mandatory schooling and/or unemployed individuals aged over 25. Check box 2 if you completed a two-year regional/provincial vocational training programme or finished a three-year programme prior to 2006.

Questions 5.9 and 5.10

Refer to the instructions for questions 5.3 and 5.4 while answering this question. The years required for earning post-laureate or post-A.F.A.M. credentials, such as masters, specialisation, PhDs, etc., should not be considered.

If you have an academic qualification (i.e. you checked any of boxes 03-17 in question 5.3), you should answer question 5.9. Do not answer question 5.10 unless you checked box 1 in question 5.9. If so, indicate the total number of years required since entering the educational system to obtain the qualification abroad. For example, a *bachelor's degree* in the United States or England requires 16 years of schooling; a *master's degree* in England requires 17 years, while a *master's degree* in the United States requires 17 or 18 years of schooling.

Question 5.11

Box 1 should be checked by everyone aged 6 and over who is enrolled in primary, lower or upper secondary education, university or an A.F.A.M. programme.

Question 5.12

This refers to vocational training programmes (free-of-charge or paid for) organised/financed by various parties (businesses, public or private entities) for any of a variety of different activities: language courses, computers, hairdressers, pastry-makers, etc.

Questions 5.13 and 5.14

For question 5.13, respond with answer number 2 ("No") if you gained a non-university Master's degree in a programme run by a private entity or vocational school. Multiple responses are allowed for your response to question 5.14.

Level I master's degree programmes requiring a Level I three-year degree or Level I A.F.A.M. Degree for admission and that last one year.

Level II master's degree programmes requiring a Level II degree (laurea specialistica/magistrale) or Level II A.F.A.M. degree for admission and that last one year.

Specialisation school followed completion of the Degree under the former system, the single-cycle Level II degree (laurea specialistica/magistrale) or the specialised Degree under the new system, and requires a course of studies lasting not less than 2 years designed for training specialists in specific professional fields at specialisation schools.

Box 3 ("Specialisation school") should also be checked by holders of a "special degree" (second degree upon completion of studies), which requires at least 4 additional years of study after the basic degree (e.g. Aerospace engineering).

A Research doctorate (doctorate in Research Training) follows the basic degree (degree under the former system, single-cycle level II degree under the new system, level II two-year specialised degree under the new system), and requires a personalised programme of research and study that lasts no less than 3 years and focuses on in-depth scientific investigation and research methods specific to the sector in question. In international terms, the **research doctorate** is a post-graduate educational qualification that is equivalent to completion of the second cycle of university education (e.g. *Ph.D*).

Vocational or non-vocational status

Question 6.1

Work refers to any activity performed in exchange for payment, salary, wages, profit, etc. It does not include the time dedicated to housework, minor household maintenance and repairs, hobbies and similar.

Check box 1 ("Yes") if you:

- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) one or more hours of paid work (whether permanent, temporary or seasonal), as an employee or on a self-employed basis, regardless of whether a formal employment contract exists. Any and all forms of income should be considered: salary, wages, profits, payments in kind, food, lodging or other forms, including income not yet received or paid during a different week from when the work was actually performed; box 1 should also be checked by **apprentices** and *trainees* who receive payment or other forms of non-monetary compensation, as long as it is ongoing (meal vouchers, cell phone credit, petrol coupons, etc.);
- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) one or more hours of work helping a family member or relative with their self-employed activity, business or company, including unpaid work (family workers).

Family workers refers to individuals who help another family member who is self-employed, without the work relationship being regulated by a contract (e.g. a wife helping her shopkeeper husband, or a son helping his farmer father).

Check box 2 ("No") if you:

- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) hours of unpaid voluntary work for any organisations, institutions, associations or similar;
- are a seasonal worker who did not work during the week of reference.

Question 6.2

Check Box 1 ("Yes") if you have a job you were absent from for one of the following reasons during the week from October 02nd-08th: holiday, leave of absence, maternity/paternity leave, reduction in business activity, illness, holiday, CIG (cassa integrazione guadagni, temporary state layoff fund), etc. This question gathers information about job continuity and the degree of formal attachment to the job in terms of absences and salaries earned.

Employees on leave are considered to be employed if they are absent for less than three months or if they continue to receive at least 50% of their salary during their absence. Exceptions include employees on (mandatory) maternity leave or (optional) parental leave. Self-employed individuals who are absent from work (except for family workers) are considered to be employed if their business activity continues during their absence. Family workers are considered to be employed if their absence lasts less than three months.

Question 6.3

Check box 1 ("Yes") if, in the last 4 weeks (11th September to 08th October) you have inquired about job offers in the newspaper, applied for competition-based positions, submitted your resume/*CV* to a company, etc.

You should also answer "Yes" if you will start work within 3 months of the date of the Census (09th October 2011).

Question 6.5

Only respond if you checked box 1 ("Yes") in questions 6.3 and 6.4. Otherwise skip to question 6.13 to continue the questionnaire.

Check box 1 ("Yes") if you are looking for work but are not actually working at present, having performed paid work in the past or unpaid work, as long as the unpaid work was in the capacity of family worker.

In your answers to questions 6.6-6.12:

Individuals with more than one job should answer in reference to their primary work activity only. Primary work activity is the job with the most work hours or the one (if you work an equal number of hours for different jobs) that provides the most income.

Employed individuals who did not work during the week prior to the survey date (October 02nd-08th) because of a holiday, illness, CIG, leave of absence, etc., should refer to the job that usually represents their primary work activity. If you are not working at present, refer to the last job you had.

Instructions for filling in the questionnaire - CP.1

Question 6.6

Employment: work performed for a public or private employer (with or without a contract) in exchange for compensation in the form of wages, salary, reimbursement of expenses, payment in kind, food, lodging, etc.

- paid apprentices and trainees (paid work placements, fellowships, research grants), in other words, individuals whose work is a combination of training, practice and work;
- workers hired by a temporary employment agency;
- home workers who work **on commission** for one or more businesses.

Continuative and coordinated collaborative work (project-based or otherwise): work relating to one or several specific projects, programmes or phases thereof. This contract type is characterised by the independence of the collaborator and mutual coordination with the contractor for provision of services. The worker may provide their services to multiple contractors (unless otherwise specified in the individual contract).

Occasional work: in this type of contract, the worker commits to providing the contractor with a job or service while retaining full organisational and operational autonomy without any administrative subordination. While this type of service is classified as occasional because of the fact that the relationship terminates after the agreed result has been achieved, the relationship is not necessarily a short-term one. Registration with INPS (the social security institute) is unnecessary due to the occasional nature of the relationship. Social security payments are not required, therefore, and the taxation involved is income tax, or IRPEF (20% withholding of the due amounts). This work category does not require a written contract, and there is no obligation to apply workplace safety regulations or any other legislation applying to other workers.

Business owner: self-employed manager of a business (agriculture, industry, commercial, services, etc.) which employs staff. With at least one employee working for them, the business owner's main work is the **organisation and management** of business activities. If direct involvement in the productive process is their primary work (in addition to organizing and managing the activity), then it is more appropriate to check box 6 ("Self-employed worker"). For example, a metalsmith who has his own workshop where he employs an assistant to help him, the primary activity is more about the metalwork itself than management of the workshop.

Freelance professional: works for him/herself in a professional capacity or in the liberal arts (notary, lawyer, dentist, construction engineer, etc.) in which intellectual work or effort is predominant. Freelance professionals may or may not be registered in an official roster of practising professionals.

Self-employed worker: manager of a farm, small industrial or retail business, craftwork studio, shop or public service who contributes his/her own manual labour. This category also includes farmers, tenant farmers and similar who work directly from their own home on behalf of consumers, and not on commission for businesses. Self-employed workers may or may not have their own employees. What distinguishes them from business owners is how their direct involvement in the productive process predominates over their management-related tasks and responsibilities. If the worker has employees and the organisation and management represents their primary activity, then it is more appropriate to check box 4 ("Business owner").

Member of a cooperative: an active member of any cooperative that produces goods and/or provides services, regardless of the specific type of activity involved, and whose compensation is proportional to services and/or share of business profits as opposed to contract-regulated payments.

Family worker: an individual who helps another family member who is self-employed without any contract-regulated work relationship (e.g. a wife helping her shopkeeper husband or a son helping his farmer father).

Question 6.7

Do not answer unless you checked box 1 ("Yes") in question 6.6 ("Dependent employment").

- Permanent work relationship: refers to a work relationship for which no expiration date or predefined time limit has been defined;
- Fixed-term work relationship: refers to a work relationship that ends when certain objective, predetermined conditions have been satisfied (e.g. expiration of a specific time period, completion of a task, achievement of an objective, return of an employee who had been temporarily replaced).

Question 6.9

Part time: a work relationship (with or without a contract) that involves fewer than the normal number of work hours for other workers in the same category. It can be:

- a) horizontal: work is performed every day, but for fewer hours;
- b) vertical: work is concentrated in a few days of the week, a few weeks of the month, or a few months of the year;
- mixed: work that includes both horizontal and vertical elements.

For employees, part-time work is based on a formal agreement between employer and employee.

Self-employed workers may also working part-time (e.g. a shopkeeper who only works in the morning or afternoon works part-time).

Question 6.10

Use the following definitions to answer the question properly:

category 01: These occupations involve simple, repetitive activities that require no special training, and which may involve the use of manual tools, physical strength and limited decision-making and initiative in carrying out tasks.

category 02: These occupations oversee and supervise the proper functioning of industrial machinery and automated or robotic manufacturing systems, supply product assembly lines and manufacturing systems or operate mobile machinery and lifts. This type of work requires basic knowledge equivalent to the completion of compulsory schooling, a vocational qualification or work experience:

category 03: These occupations use experience and technical/practical knowledge of materials, tools and processes required for extracting and processing minerals, for building, repairing or maintaining equipment, objects and machines, for working and processing foodstuffs and farm products destined for consumption. This type of work requires basic knowledge equivalent to the completion of compulsory schooling, a short cycle of upper secondary education or, once again, vocational qualifications or work experience;

category 04: These occupations grow crops and raise animals, plan and perform the work required to make fields, gardens, greenhouses and livestock productive, caring, maintaining and making woodlands and forests productive, fishing in the open sea, coastal zones and inland waterways, fish farming and hunting. This type of work requires basic knowledge equivalent to the completion of compulsory schooling, a short cycle of upper secondary education or, once again, a vocational qualification or work experience;

category 05: These occupations deal with customers in commercial enterprises, provide reception and restaurant services, recreational and family support services and personal care; maintaining public order, protecting people and property. This type of work requires basic knowledge equivalent to the completion of compulsory schooling, a short cycle of upper secondary education or, once again, a vocational qualification or work experience;

category 06: These occupations involve non-managerial office work. They generally require basic knowledge equivalent to compulsory schooling, a short cycle of upper secondary education or, once again, vocational qualification or work experience:

category 07: These occupations involve the operational selection and application of protocols and (defined, predetermined) procedures in the context of production or services. The necessary knowledge is acquired through the completion of secondary, post-secondary or level I university programmes or apprenticeships (including unofficial apprenticeships) of comparable complexity;

category 08: These occupations require high levels of theoretical knowledge for analysing and representing complex discipline-specific (mathematics, physics-engineering, socio-economic, intellectual, artistic, etc.) situations and problems, setting out possible solutions and making the related decisions. The level of knowledge required in such professions is acquired through the completion of level II university programmes, post-university programmes or apprenticeships (including unofficial apprenticeships) of comparable complexity;

category 09: These occupations draw up and implement executive and regulatory strategies in political, institutional and economic contexts, drawing on expert counsel as needed. The level of knowledge required by this large group of professions cannot always be associated with a specific level of formal education;

category 10: These occupations are practised in the context of the armed forces (the Army, Navy, Air Force or Military Police).

For clarification, call the toll-free number 800-069701.

Question 6.11

Check the box corresponding to the sole or primary economic activity sector of the factory, farm, shop, office or institution where you work or that you own. Specifically:

category 01: includes cultivation of permanent and non-permanent agricultural crops, plant reproduction and livestock raising, including the forms associated with agricultural cultivation, hunting and capture of wild animals, forestry and the use of forest areas, fishing and aquaculture;

category 02: includes extraction of natural minerals found in solid, liquid or gaseous state (e.g. mining and/or extraction of coal, crude oil, natural gas, stones, sand, torba clay, salt, mining of ferrous and non-ferrous minerals such as uranium and thorium). Extraction may involve a variety of different methods, such as underground or open-air mining, well-drilling, ocean mining, etc. This category also includes specialised mining support services (exploration services involving sample gathering, boring, petroleum and gas platform construction, washing, blow-down, mine pumping and drainage, etc.):

category 03: includes processing, production and preservation of all types of foodstuffs, the tobacco and textile industries, production and packaging of clothing and leather goods, manufacturing of furniture, straw-based and woven goods, paper, cardboard and related goods, coke and petroleum derivatives, chemicals and pharmaceuticals, paints, varnishes and enamels, rubber items and plastics, glass, porcelain and ceramic products, construction materials, metal goods, computers and electronics, optical and electrical products, vehicles of transport, jewellery, musical instruments, sporting goods, toys, and medical tools and supplies. This category also includes the publication of newspapers, books, periodicals, commercial printing and other materials as well as correlated support activities such as bookbinding, the preparation of printing plates and the electronic processing of texts and images and the repair, maintenance and installation of related machinery and equipment;

category 04: includes production, transmission and distribution of electricity, natural gas, steam, hot water and air conditioning through permanent infrastructures (networks or grids) through power lines, pipes or conduits. This grouping does not include the separate management of pipelines, which falls under category 08 because they tend to extend across long distances in order to connect gas producers to gas distributors or urban centres;

category 05: includes waterworks (collection, treatment and distribution), sewer system management, waste water collection and treatment, solid and non-solid (hazardous and non-hazardous) waste disposal and treatment, recovery and recycling preparation of metal waste, plastic materials, solid urban, industrial and biomass waste, decontamination services for sites and buildings, ground soil, surface water and underground water;

category 06: includes construction of buildings, roads, railway lines, subways and airport runways, bridges and tunnels, waterworks and public utilities for electricity and telecommunications, demolition and preparation of construction sites, installation of electricity and plumbing systems and installation of materials for casings, fixtures, flooring, etc.;

category 07: includes wholesale and retail commerce of all types of goods. This category also covers the repair and sales of automobiles and motorcycles. It does not include the serving of food or drink for immediate consumption or the sale of take-away food (restaurants, bars, pizzerias, pubs, etc.), which fall under category 09;

category 08: includes freight or passenger transport (regularly scheduled or otherwise) by rail, pipelines, roads, waterways or by air, plus related support activities including terminal services, parking area and vehicle storage management, logistics centres (interports) and storage of goods, etc., in addition to vehicle rentals with drivers. It also includes postal and courier services:

category 09: includes hotel and short-term accommodation activities for visitors and travellers (hotels, tourist villages, hostels, *campsites*, etc.), restaurant activities that provide full meals and/or drinks for immediate consumption, whether in the form of traditional restaurants, self-service or take-away establishments or in permanent or temporary kiosks, with or without seating (ice cream parlours, pastry shops, dining halls and *catering* facilities, bars, pubs, brewpubs, etc.). The deciding factor is the serving of meals for immediate consumption, regardless of the specific type of facility involved;

category 10: includes all types of publishing activity, including *software*, production of films, videos, television programmes, radio broadcasts, musical and audio recordings, telecommunications (fixed, mobile and satellite), computer consulting and all IT-related services (internet-based search engines, data processing and *hosting*, *database* management, etc.) and publishing agencies and information agencies that supply information, images, and special communication-related services;

category 11: includes financial intermediation, including insurance, reinsurance and retirement funds (excluding compulsory social insurance), as well as support activities (promoters, agents, mediators and procurers of financial products, postal banking activities, *money transfer* services, etc.):

category 12: includes the activities of landlords, agents and/or mediators in one or more of the following sectors: real estate sales and purchase, real estate rentals, provision of other real estate services, such as property assessment and estate agent activity on behalf of third parties. Activities in this category can apply to personally-owned or rented properties as well as third parties;

category 13: includes specialised professional, scientific and technical services. These types of activities require extensive training and preparation to provide clients with specialised knowledge and capacities. They include the activities of law firms as well as commercial, tax and account auditing firms, corporate management and management consulting, technical studios (architecture, engineering, project development, site inspections, surveying and mapping and activities related to physical, chemical and other types of inspections), research and development in the fields of natural sciences, engineering, human and humanistic sciences, advertising (conceptualisation of advertising campaigns), market research and opinion surveys, specialised design activities (graphic designers, technicians, etc.), photographic activities (production of photographic services, photojournalists, aerial photography), translation and interpreting and agricultural consulting. This category also includes the activities of veterinarians in veterinary clinics or on farms, at kennels and animal hospitals, and at outpatient clinics and others (including animal ambulance services);

category 14: includes the renting and *leasing* of intangible, non-financial goods plus a wide range of material goods, such as vehicles without drivers or operators, air or sea transport vehicles, office equipment (furniture, *computers*, photocopiers, etc.), sports and recreational equipment, videocassettes and DVDs, equipment for farming, construction work and civil engineering. This category also includes the search, selection and placement of personnel, travel agencies and *tour operators*, detective agencies, private surveillance and surveillance systems (e.g. satellite radio-control of means of transport), cleaning and disinfestation services (for buildings, industrial machinery, cisterns for transport by road or sea), landscaping care and maintenance (including parks, gardens and planters in buildings and public and private residences), incoming and outgoing *call centre* activities, telephone-based help centres, the organisation of conventions and trade fairs and a variety of business support activities (e.g. credit recovery agencies, requests for certifications and dispatch of applications, etc.);

category 15: includes government activities typically performed by public administrations. This includes general public administration activities (e.g. executive, legislative, financial, etc., at all levels of government), foreign affairs, defence, public law and order, justice department, fire departments and civil defence, compulsory social insurance (INPS, INAIL, etc.);

category 16: includes education (both public and private) at all levels for all professions and occupations. The activity can take place through oral or written lessons via radio, television, internet or by correspondence. It includes all of the different levels of education offered by the different institutions within the national school system as well as adult education, literacy campaigns, etc. It also includes military schools and academies and schools within the prison system. This category also includes education intended primarily for sports or recreational purposes (teaching tennis, swimming, acting lessons, dance, etc.) and driving schools (driving schools, airplane pilot schools and nautical schools);

category 17: includes the provision of health services and social assistance (residential or non-residential for senior citizens and the disabled and assistance structures for mental disturbances and drug abuse). This category includes medical checkups and treatments by general physicians, specialists, dentists, etc. The activities may take place in private offices, out-clinics involving groups of physicians and hospital clinics that provide outpatient treatment at businesses, schools, rest homes and union organisations as well as house-calls for the sick;

category 18: includes a wide range of activities addressing a variety of different cultural interests, public entertainment and recreation, including live shows, museum management, libraries, historical monuments, nature reserves, zoos, gambling and betting facilities (casinos, bingo halls, game rooms, etc.), sports and recreational activities (sports facilities, sports clubs, gyms, hunting and fishing reserves, board-game clubs and toy libraries, dance halls, swimming centres, etc.). The activities of individual artists are included here;

category 19: includes the activities of employers and economic trade associations, employee unions, political parties and religious organisations, repair services for personal and domestic goods, personal services (laundry, dry-cleaning, hairdressers and aesthetic treatments, etc.). This includes computer repair and industrial laundry services;

category 20: includes family and cohabitation activities (including condominiums), such as work providers for domestic workers such as domestic assistants, cooks, valets, butlers, launderers, gardeners, doormen, drivers, custodians, *baby-sitters*, etc.;

category 21: includes the activities of international organisations, such as the United Nations and their specialised agencies, the EU, the OECD, the IMF, the World Bank, etc.

For clarification, call the toll-free number 800-069701.

Question 6.12

Overtime (paid or unpaid) should be included as part of your regular weekly hours as long as those hours are worked regularly in addition to the normal number of contracted hours.

- Teachers should count the number of hours dedicated to teaching plus the number of hours regularly dedicated to related activities (preparing lessons, correcting homework, parent-teacher meetings, etc.).
- This should also **include** overtime hours, whether paid or unpaid.
- The time required for commuting to the workplace and the hours allotted to meal times during work breaks, however, should be excluded.

Question 6.13

Use the following definitions to answer the question appropriately:

Recipient of one or more pensions for previous work activity or recipient of unearned income

- Recipients of one or more pensions for previous work activity: individuals who are receiving one or more old-age or invalidity pensions. These distributions are paid out for work activities performed by the covered individual after reaching a specified age limit, achieving creditable service or suffering diminished work capacity. This category also includes workers' compensation for workplace accidents and/or occupational illnesses. These pensions are designed to compensate individuals for disabilities (in proportion to the severity) and deaths (for which payments go to the survivors) resulting from events that took place during their work. A minimum period of regular contributions is required before becoming eligible for worker's compensation.
- Recipient of unearned income: individuals who receive income, rent or profits derived from property ownership, investments, interest, rents, royalties, etc.

Student: an individual whose main occupation is studying.

Homemaker: an individual whose main occupation is caring for their own family and home.

Other condition: an individual with a status not listed above (e.g. retired for other reasons, social aid or civil disability pension recipients, etc.).

7 Place of work or study

Question 7.1

- Box 1 ("Yes, I go to a place of study") should also be checked for children who attend nursery school, kindergarten, etc.
- Student-workers should check box 2 ("Yes, I go to a place of work").
- Farmhands who have no single fixed workplace because they work for multiple farms should check box 5 ("No, because I do not have a single fixed workplace").
- Individuals who take their children to school on a daily basis but who do not subsequently go to a place of work or study should check box 6 ("No, because I am not working, studying or taking any vocational training courses").

Question 7.2

- There need not necessarily be any direct relationship between the place of work and the response to question 6.11. This would be the case, for example, of an employee of a maintenance contractor for a metalwork factory who, in his/her response, has to tell the address of the place where he/she actually goes to work (the metalwork factory), instead of the address of the contractor itself.
- For cases in which, for example, consulting activities were being performed onsite in an external business or office on the date of the Census, the answer should refer to the address of the consulting business itself.
- Student-workers should use the address of their work place.
- Individuals who work on vehicles (drivers, railway engineers, tram drivers, pilots, ship workers, etc.) should use the address where the service is based (garage, station, depot, airport, port, etc.).
- Individuals with two usual places of work or study should use the location of their primary work or study activity.

Question 7.3

Individuals who work in the municipality where they currently live or in another municipality in Italy also need to indicate the address of their usual place of work or study.

Question 7.4

This question should only be answered by individuals who go to a place of work or study on a daily basis, or who checked box 1 ("Yes, I go to a place of study") or box 2 ("Yes, I go to a place of work") in question 7.1.

Question 7.5

This question should only be answered by individuals who go from their place of usual residence to a place of work or study on a daily basis, or who checked box 1 ("From this dwelling") in question 7.4.

Questions 7.6, 7.7 and 7.8

Use last Wednesday as the point of reference for answering the questions. If you did not commute to your regular place of work or study on that particular day (for various reasons - strike, illness, holiday, etc.), refer instead to a typical day.

- If the individual went to a different place of work or study last Wednesday from the usual one indicated in question 7.5,
 refer instead to the address of the usual place of work or study.
- If the individual went to the usual place of work or study two times last Wednesday, refer to the first of the two
 commutes that occurred on that day.

8 Difficulty with day-to-day activities

As prescribed by law, please be advised that responding to questions 8.1 through 8.4 is not compulsory.

Question 8.1

The purpose of this question is to learn more about any visual difficulties or problems that people might have even while wearing glasses or contact lenses. These can involve, for instance, not being able to see up close or far away, a lack of peripheral vision or not being able to see from one or both eyes. Your response should account for any kind of visual difficulty you consider to be a problem.

Question 8.2

The purpose of this question is to learn more about any hearing difficulties or problems that people might have even while using hearing aids. These can involve, for instance, hearing difficulties (even if only in the context of a noisy environment), the inability to distinguish the sources of different sounds or deafness in one or both ears. Your response should account for any kind of hearing difficulty you consider to be a problem.

Question 8.3

The purpose of this question is to learn more about any difficulties or problems with mobility that people might have <u>without</u> using auxiliary devices (canes, crutches, wheelchairs, etc.) or personal assistance. The types of limitations may involve, for instance, difficulties with walking short or long distances, climbing up or down stairs or standing for more than 1 or 2 minutes.

Question 8.4

The purpose of this question is to learn more about any problems that people might have with their memory or concentration. This includes the following issues: forgetting important things, losing one's way, forgetting what they were just told, inability to concentrate on what they are doing. The difficulties must be serious enough to create problems with the execution of daily activities. It does not include memory or concentration difficulties that can be attributed to stress, overwork or the use of recreational drugs.

Sistema Statistico Nazionale di Statis

Aiuto alla compilazione in lingua inglese English guide to the completion of the Census form



09TH OCTOBER

LAW NO. 122 OF 30TH JULY 2010, ART. 50

15

GENERAL POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS

fill in the questionnaire on the Internet. Visit http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it and enter the password shown in the rectangle in the bottom right

What do I need to do?

fill in the questionnaire with a black or blue ballpoint pen (do not use a red pen) and place it in the enclosed envelope

and then

hand it in at a post office

or H

it in directly to one of the collection centres set up in your municipality

For addresses and telephone numbers, visit the http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it or call the freephone number 800.069.701

Am I required to respond?

Yes. The obligation to respond to the Census is enforced by art. 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322/1989.

Is my privacy guaranteed?

Yes. All responses are protected by the laws on privacy (Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003). All Census staff are bound to professional secrecy.

Who can I contact in case of difficulty?

For any clarification you may require, please call the freephone number **800.069.701**The service is available from 01st October 2011 to 29th February 2012 (excluding 25th December 2011 and 01st January 2012), including Saturdays and Sundays, from 9 am to 7 pm and from 09th October to 19th November 2011 from 8 am to 10 pm. You can also write to the following email address: **infocens2011@istat.it**

To receive assistance while completing the form you may visit one of the collection centres set up in your municipality. Their addresses are available on the website http://censimentopopolazione.istat.it

We may need to contact you if we have questions about your information. To make it easier to contact you and avoid the inconvenience of a personal visit by one of our staff, please provide the following information

mail		
	tel.	
	Preferred time of day to be	e contacted
	from : :	to ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	from hour minutes	to hour minutes

Decowerd	
Password	XXXXXXXXXXXX

Who fills in the Household form?

The responses on the Household form should refer to the date of the Census (09th October 2011) and be filled in by the listed Head of household (i.e. the person under whose name the household is registered in the Public Records Office) or, if this is not possible, by another household member or by someone who resides in the dwelling temporarily or occasionally and is present on the date of the Census.

What is meant by household?

A group of individuals linked by marriage, kinship, affinity, adoption, legal guardianship or personal ties and who cohabit and share a usual place of residence (whether or not already registered as local residents at the local Public Records Office).

A household may consist of a single individual.

What do I need to fill in?

LIST A is for all household members, i.e. each and every individual who uses this dwelling as his/her usual place of residence, whether physically present on the date of the Census or not;

LIST B is for anyone who is present in the dwelling on a temporary or occasional basis on the day of the Census;

Section I contains questions about the household and dwelling;

Section II consists of 3 Individual forms (with multiple pages each) containing questions for each individual household member. In Section II, an Individual form should be filled in by each individual from List A in the same order in which they are listed in List A.

If this dwelling serves as the usual place of residence for multiple households, each household should fill in a separate Household form.

Important!

Contact the nearest Municipal Collection Centre if you need more Lists and/or Individual forms

Certain individuals may also appear on a second Household form, for another dwelling. For instance, an individual from LIST B who is living temporarily in this dwelling (visiting student, weekly commuter, etc.) should also fill in LIST A and SECTION II of the Household form for the dwelling that serves as their usual place of residence.

GETTING STARTED

Completing the Lists

LIST

LIST A should list each individual who is both a household member and:

- ▶ an Italian citizen using this dwelling as a usual place of residence, even if physically absent on the date of the Census, or
- a foreign citizen using this dwelling as a usual place of residence and who is either registered in the Public Records Office or in possession of regular documentation for staying in Italy, even if physically absent on the date of the Census.¹

Household members should be entered in LIST A:

- Head of household on the Household form (individual under whose name the household is officially registered);
- Spouse or cohabiting partner (partner) of the head of household;
- ▶ Unmarried children (from oldest to youngest);
- Married children and their family members;
- ▶ Other relatives or kin of the head of household on the Household form (father/mother, father-/mother-in-law, brother/sister, brother-/sister-in-law, grandchildren, grandfather/grandmother, uncle, aunt);
- Other cohabitants with no personal ties, kinship or affinity.

Each household member will be assigned a 2-digit number (person code) corresponding to their position on the list (01 - 08). The Individual forms in Section II should be filled out in the same order.

If the household consists of <u>one</u> individual only (one-person household), <u>only</u> the first line (person code 01) of **LIST A** needs to be filled in.

IST B

LIST B should list any individuals who do <u>not</u> use this dwelling as their usual place of residence, but who are present in this dwelling on 09th October 2011 on a temporary or occasional basis (e.g. visiting tourists, short vacations, short-term medical treatments, visiting friends or relatives, etc.).

N.B. For these individuals, the questionnaire concludes with the completion of LIST B.

Important

After completing LIST A (and LIST B, if necessary), proceed with filling in the questionnaire itself. Instructions are provided on page 4.

¹ For citizens of Countries outside the European Union, valid entitlement to stay in Italy includes waivers on entry (nulla osta all'ingresso) into Italy for work or family reunification, requests for residency permit renewals and requests for first-time residency permits.

•	

LIST A	Individuals for	whom the dwelling is the u	sual place of resi	dence (household me	mbers)		Please print	
Person cod di persona	le Last ar	nd first name	Gender	Date of b	irth	Place of birth (Specify the municipality of birth. If born abroad, specify the foreign cour	Citizenship try)	Individual information
01	Last name		1 Male			_	1 Italian	From page 6
	First name		2 Female	day month	J L L L J year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 10
02	Last name		1 Male		,		1 Italian	From page 11
	First name		2 Female	day month	year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 15
03	Last name		1 Male	uayo	, you.		1 Italian	From page 16
	First name		2 Female	day month	year		2 Foreign or stateless	to page 20
04	Last name		1 Male	uay mont	year		1 Italian	Additional
	First name		2 Female	day montr	Voar		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
05	Last name		1 Male	uay IIIoIIII	year		1 Italian	Additional
	First name		2 Female	day montr	Voar		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
06	Last name		1 Male	uay mont	year		1 Italian	Additional
	First name		2 Female	day montr	Voar		2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
07	Last name		1 Male	uay IIIoiiii	year		1 Italian	Additional
	First name		2 Female	dour month			2 Foreign or stateless	individual form
08	Last name		1 Male	day month	year		1 Italian	Additional
	First name		2 Female	با لبا			2 Foreign or stateless	individual
IMPOPTA	MT: Households with	h more than three members sh		day month	,			form
IIVIFORTA	MAT. HOUSEHOIGS WIL	ii more trian triree members si	iouia contact the ne	earest Muriicipai Collect	ion centre			
LIST B	Individuals fo	r whom the dwelling is NOT g on the date of the Census	the usual place of (09th October 201	of residence and who	are temporarily or occ	asionally present		
Person code	Gender	Date of birth		Place of birth	Usual residence	Citizenship		
01	1 Male			1 Italy	1 Italy	1 Italian		
	2 Female	day month	year	2 Abroad	2 Abroad	2 Foreign or stateless	Date filled in	
02	1 Male			1 Italy	1 Italy	1 Italian		
	2 Female	day month	year	2 Abroad	2 Abroad	2 Foreign or stateless	day month year	J
03	1 Male	,		1 Italy	1 Italy	1 Italian	, Jour	
	2 Female	day month	year	2 Abroad	2 Abroad	2 Foreign or stateless		
IMPORTA	NT: If more than thro		,	s not the usual place of	residence, contact the no	earest Municipal Collection Centre.	signature of individual who filled in the form	

.....

CONTINUE

By fill in the Sections

- 1. Fill in **Section I** by answering the household and dwelling questions.
- 2. Fill in **Section II**. An Individual form should be filled in for **each household member from List A**. The Individual forms in **Section II** should be filled in in the same order that household members are listed in List A.

For example, if List A lists the following individuals in this order – Mr. Rossi (person code 01) and Mrs. Bianchi (person code 02), then the Individual form for person 01 (starting on p. 6 of Section II) should refer to Mr. Rossi, while the Individual form for person 02 (starting on p. 11 of Section II) should refer to Mrs. Bianchi.

If the household consists of <u>one</u> single individual (one-person household), then <u>only</u> the questions on the person 01 Individual form (starting on p. 6 of Section II) should be filled in.

General information:

- ▶ Sections I and II of the Household form have been divided into different "points", each of which includes multiple questions. Please read each question carefully as well as any notes that are highlighted or in parentheses.
- ▶ Only one single box should be checked for each question, except when explicitly indicated that multiple responses are allowed.
- ▶ For questions that are not applicable to the individual to whom the Individual form refers (e.g. questions for ages 15 and over), do not check any boxes or make any notes or marks of any kind.

Important

To answer the questions properly, please refer to the Guide to filling in the questionnaire that has been included with the questionnaire. This will save time and help you avoid making mistakes.

Instructions for filling in the questionnaire:

\blacktriangleright	The Household form was designed to be read with an optical scanner that is unable to read certain colours, so it is important to use a
	black or blue ballpoint pen to fill in your answers.

▶ Most questions involve marking the s	selected box with a simple X.
N.B. It is extremely important not to r	make any marks in!

Example: 02 X Spouse of the head of household

If you make a mistake, black out the incorrect box and mark the correct box with an 'X'.

Example: 1 In Italy 2 Abroad

▶ Some questions require you to write out numbers or words as clearly as possible, printing in capital letters and entering no more than one letter per box. The characters need to be separate and distinct from one another. Please be careful not to write anywhere outside the designated boxes.

Example of correct completion

14/05/1964

SANGIMIGNANO

Example of incorrect completion

Example of incorrect completion

24/05/1964

SANGIMIGNANO

Example of incorrect completion

Examples of common completion errors

2 Characters too big Rounded characters (such as 6, 9 and 6 () 9 0) need to be fully closed NO YES NO The number 4 needs to be left Each segment in letters like E and F 4 4 4 F needs to be fully connected open at the top NO YES NO NO NO

The number 1 should be written without the lower bar

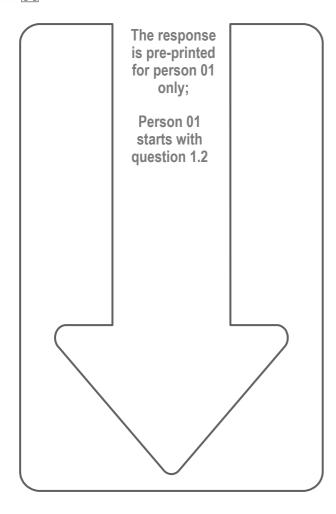
INFORMATION ABOUT HOUSEHOLD AND DWELLING

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1 PERSONAL INFORMATION

1.1 Kinship or cohabitation relationship with the head of household on the Household form

01 X Head of household on the Household form



1	2	Gandai

1 Male

2 Female

1.3 Date of birth

day	month	year

1.4 Place of birth

1 In this municipality	anacify the municipality
2 In a different Italian municipality	specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province
	prov.
3 Abroad specify the f	oreign country

THE HEAD OFHOUSEHOLD ANSWERS QUESTION 1.5 ONLY IF THE FIRST PAGE OF THE HOUSEHOLD FORM DOES NOT BEAR A PREPRINTED ADDRESS

1.5 Are you registered in the Public Records Office of this municipality?

[The municipality of registration is where your identification documents and basic public records (e.g. birth certificate, civil status, etc.) can be retrieved]

1 Yes, in this dwell

2	Yes.	but in a	different	dwellina	or	cohabitatio	n
_	100,	Dut III a	unicicni	uweiling	OI	Coriabilatic	

No, in a different Italian municipality	+	specify the and the abb	ify the municipality he abbreviation for rovince					

prov.

No, not in any Italian municipality



2 MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIAGES

2.1 Marital status	3.2 Have you had Italian citizenship since birth?							
1 Single • go to quest. 3.1	1 Yes → go to quest. 3.4							
2 Married	2 No •							
3 De facto separated								
4 De jure separated	3.3 How did you obtain Italian citizenship?							
5 Divorced	1 By marriage 2 Other							
6 Widow(er)	specify the foreign country of your previous citizenship							
2.2 Month and year the marriage took place [If married more than once, refer to your most recent marriage]								
month year								
2.3 Marital status prior to most recent marriage	3.4 Where was your mother born?							
1 Single	[Indicate your mother's birthplace, whether or not she is a usual resident of this dwelling, or deceased]							
2 Divorced								
3 Widow(er)	1 In Italy							
	2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth							
3 CITIZENSHIP								
3.1 What citizenship do you have?								
[If you have other citizenships (in addition to Italian), check box 1 only ("Italian")]								
1 Italian → go to quest. 3.2								
2 Foreign specify the foreign country of citizenship	3.5 Where was your father born? [Indicate your father's birthplace, whether or not he is a usual							
and go to quest. 3.4	resident of this dwelling, or deceased]							
	1 In Italy							
	2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth							
3 ☐ Stateless (no citizenship) → go to quest. 3.4								

4 PRESENCE AND PRIOR DWELLING

2	4	Wh	nere were you living as of the nsus (09 th October 2011)?	e date of the	
cohabitation (e.g. friends/relative's house, military barracks, hospital) In a different Italian municipality Abroad 4.2 Where was your usual place of residence one year ago (09 th October 2010)? In this dwelling In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province Abroad specify the foreign country Abroad specify the foreign country Abroad specify the foreign country In this dwelling In a different Italian specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province and the abbreviation for the province In this dwelling In a different Italian specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province prov.	1		In this dwelling	ant alessa Disa as a sa	
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year ago (09 th October 2010)? 1	4		Abroad		
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or cohabitation In a different Italian municipality Abroad ◆ specify the foreign country 4.3 Where was your usual place of residence five years ago (09 th October 2006)? In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation In a different Italian municipality In a different Italian municipality In a different Italian municipality The province municipality The municip	1		In this dwelling		
In a different Italian municipality and the abbreviation for the province prov. 4 Abroad specify the foreign country Abroad specify the foreign country In this dwelling In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation In a different Italian municipality In a different Italian munic	2		Landa de la companya		
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3 In a different Italian municipality and the abbreviation for the province		Wh	ars ago (09 th October 2006)?	residence five	
prov.	1	Wh	ars ago (09 th October 2006)? In this dwelling In this municipality, but in a differe	ent dwelling or	
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5	EDUCATI	ION					
5.1		ighest educational qualification you I from among those listed below?					
01		education and read nor write					
02	No formal e	education but can both rite					
03	Elementary (or equivale	school qualification ent)					
04	Middle scho	ool (or vocational school) n					
05	High schoo	ol diploma (2-3 years)					
06	High schoo	ol diploma (4-5 years)					
07		om the Academy of Fine Arts, arts, ISIA, etc., Conservatory stem)					
80	University degree (2-3 years) under the former system (including schools dedicated to specialised programmes and vocationally-oriented community colleges						
09		diploma of Higher Artistic, Music and ning (A.F.A.M.), level I					
10	Three-year	degree (level I) under the new system					
11		degree of Higher Artistic, Music or ning (A.F.A.M.), level II					
12	cycle special	6 yrs) under the former system, single- alised level II degrees or a/magistrale under the new system, ecialised degree (level II) under the					
	INDIVIDUALS W OUGH 12 IN QUE	HO CHECKED ONE OF BOXES 07 ESTION 5.1					
5.2	Have you atta post-diploma	ained any post-graduate or a A.F.A.M. qualifications?					
1	☐ Yes →	5.3 Specify any qualifications attained (multiple responses allowed)					
		1 Level I master's degree					
		2 Level II master's degree					
		3 Specialisation school					
2	No	4 Research doctorate					



INDIVIDUALS AGED 15 AND OVER PROCEED WITH QUESTION 6.1 INDIVIDUALS AGED UNDER 15 PROCEED WITH QUESTION 7.1

VOCATIONAL OR NON-VOCATIONAL STATUS

6.1 Did you work for at least one hour during the week preceding the date of the census (October 02 nd – 08 th ?)	6.4 If you had the chance, would you be willing to start working within the next two weeks?
[It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a family member]	1 Yes
1 Yes • go to quest. 7.1	2 No pgo to quest. 6.6
2 No	6.5 Have you ever had a paying job <u>or</u> worked as a family worker?
6.2 Did you have a job from which you were absent during the week of October 02 nd – 08 th ? (for example, due to illness, vacation, temporary layoff fund (Cassa Integrazione Guadagni), reductions in business activity, etc.)	1 Yeş 2 No
1 Yeş go to quest. 7.1 2 No	6.6 During the week of October 02 nd – 08 th , you were [If you fit more than one of these categories, check the first one that appears on the list. For example, if you are both a housewife and you collect a retirement pension, check box 1]
6.3 During the period from September 11 th - October 08 th , were you actively seeking employment or did you set up the means to start your own business?	A recipient of one or more pensions for previous work activity or recipient of unearned income (returns on property or equities)
1 Yes 2 No go to quest. 6.6	2 A student 3 A homemaker 4 Other

PLACE OF WORK OR STUDY

7.1	Do	you	go to	a us	sual	l pla	ace	of s	tud	у о	r w	ork	eve	ery	day	y ?														
1	1 Yes, I go to a place of study (including vocational training courses)										} ;	go to	ques	t. 7.2	2															
2		Yes,	I go to	a pl	ace	of w	ork							J	J															
3		No, l	ecaus	se I s	tudy	at h	ome	9																						
4		No, k	ecaus	se I w	ork	from	n hor	ne																						
5			ecaus								s, etc	c.)			this here	indivi	dual	forn	n end	S										
6			ecaus ttendi																											
7.2	[Stu	dent-w	s you orkers s tram dri	hould	indic	ate th	ne ad	dress	of th	e pl	ace o	of wor	k, no	t the	e plad	ce of s	itudy.	. If yo	ou wo parkii	rk on	a m	eans	of tra	ınspo t, airp	ortatio	on (dr port, (ivers,	railw	ay	
1		In th	s mun	icipa	lity									•) [
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7.4	Wh	nat d	vellin	g do	у уо	u le	ave	fro	m v	vhe	n y	ou s	set	out	t fo	r yo	ır u	sua	al pl	ace	of	WOI	rk o	r st	udy	eac	ch d	ay?	,	
1		This	dwelliı	ng				2		Α	diffe	rent	dwe	ellin	g				+ 1	this i	ndiv	idua	l forn	n end	ls he	re				
7.5	Aft	er vo	ur wo	ork o	or st	tudv	/, is	thi	s th	e d	wel	lina	ı yo	u r	etu	rn to	o on	а	dail	/ ba	sis	?								
1		Yes				- 3	,, -	2		No		3							,		-									

1 PERSONAL INFORMATION

1.1	Kinship or cohabitation relationship with the head of household on the Household form	1.4 Place of birth 1 In this municipality							
02	Spouse of the head of household	specify the municipality							
03	Cohabiting partner (partner) of the head of household	2 In a different Italian municipality and the abbreviation the province							
04	Son/daughter of the head of household and spouse/partner								
05	Son/daughter of the head of household only								
06	Son/daughter of the spouse/partner only								
07	Parent (or spouse/partner of a parent) of the head of household	prov.							
80	Father-/mother-in-law of the head of household	3 Abroad ♣ specify the foreign country							
09	Brother/sister of the head of household								
10	Brother/sister of the spouse/partner								
11	Spouse/partner of a brother/sister of the head of household or of a brother/sister of the spouse/partner								
12	Son-/daughter-in-law (spouse/partner of a son/daughter) of the head of household and/or the spouse/partner								
13	Grandchild (son/daughther of a son/daughter) of the head of household and/or spouse/partner								
14	Nephew/niece (son/daughter of a brother/sister) of the head of household and/or spouse/partner								
15	Grandmother/grandfather of the head of household or spouse/partner	1.5 Are you registered in the Public Records Office of this municipality?							
16	Other relative of the head of household and/or spouse/partner	[[The municipality of registration is where your identification documents and basic public records (e.g. birth certificate, civil status, etc.) can be retrieved]							
17	Other cohabitant without any personal or kinship ties or affinities	1 Yes, in this dwelling							
4.5		2 Yes, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation							
1.2	Gender	specify the municipality No, in a different and the abbreviation for							
1	Male	Italian municipality the province							
2	Female								
4.0	Date of high								
1.3	Date of birth								
	day month year	prov.							
		4 No, not in any Italian municipality							

Reserved for the Municipal census office

2 MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIAGES

2.1 Marital status	3.2 Have you had Italian citizenship since birth?
1 Single • go to quest. 3.1	1 Yes → go to quest. 3.4
2 Married	2 No 🔸
3 De facto separated	
4 De jure separated	3.3 How did you obtain Italian citizenship?
5 Divorced	1 By marriage 2 Other
6 Widow(er)	specify the foreign country of your previous citizenship
2.2 Month and year the marriage took place [If married more than once, refer to your most recent marriage]	
month year	
2 Divorced 3 Widow(er)	resident of this dwelling, or deceased] 1 In Italy 2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth
3 CITIZENSHIP	
3.1 What citizenship do you have? [If you have other citizenships (in addition to	
Îtalian), check box 1 only ("Îtaliàn")]	
1 Italian go to quest. 3.2 2 Foreign specify the foreign country of citizenship and go to quest. 3.4	 3.5 Where was your father born? [Indicate your father's birthplace whether or not he is a usual resident of this dwelling, or deceased] 1 In Italy 2 Abroad specify the foreign country of birth
3 ☐ Stateless (no citizenship) → go to quest. 3.4	

4 PRIOR PRESENCE AND DWELLING

4.1	Where were you living as of the date of the
1	census (09 th October 2011)? In this dwelling
2	In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation (e.g. friends/relative's house, military
3	barracks, hospital) In a different Italian municipality
4	Abroad
FOR	AGES 1 (YEAR) AND OVER
	Where was your usual place of residence one year ago (09 th October 2010)?
1	In this dwelling
2	In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation
3	In a different Italian municipality municipality specify the municipality and the abbreviation for the province
	prov.
4	Abroad specify the foreign country
	AGES 5 AND OVER
4.3	Where was your usual place of residence five years ago (09 th October 2006)?
1	In this dwelling
2	In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation specify the municipality
3	In a different Italian and the abbreviation for
	municipality the province
	prov.
4	Abroad specify the foreign country

AGES 6 AND OVER SHOULD PROCEED WITH QUESTION 5.1 INDIVIDUALS UNDER THE AGE OF 6 SHOULD PROCEED WITH QUESTION 7.1

5	EDUCATION
5.1	What is the highest educational qualification you have attained from among those listed below?
01	No formal education and can neither read nor write
02	No formal education but can both read and write
03	Elementary school qualification (or equivalent)
04	Middle school (or vocational school) qualification
05	High school diploma (2-3 years)
06	High school diploma (4-5 years)
07	Diploma from the Academy of Fine Arts, Dramatic Arts, ISIA, etc., Conservatory (former system)
80	University degree (2-3 years) under the former system (including schools dedicated to specialised programme and vocationally-oriented community colleges
09	Academic diploma of Higher Artistic, Music and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level I
10	Three-year degree (level I) under the new system
11	Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Music or Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level II
12	Degree (4-6 years) under the former system, single-cycle specialistica/magistrale degrees under the new system, two-year specialised degree (level II) under the new system
	INDIVIDUALS WHO CHECKED ONE OF BOXES 07 DUGH 12 IN QUESTION 5.1
5.2	Have you attained any post-graduate or post-diploma A.F.A.M. qualifications?
1	Yes • 5.3 Specify any qualifications attained (multiple responses allowed)
	1 Level I master's degree
	2 Level II master's degree
	3 Specialisation school
2	No Research doctorate



INDIVIDUALS AGED 15 AND OVER PROCEED WITH QUESTION 6.1 INDIVIDUALS AGED UNDER 15 PROCEED WITH QUESTION 7.1

6 VOCATIONAL OR NON-VOCATIONAL STATUS

6.1 Did you work for at least one hour during the week preceding the date of the census (October $02^{nd} - 08^{th}$?)	6.4 If you had the chance, would you be willing to start working within the next two weeks?
[It is considered work if you were or will be paid, or if it was unpaid but regular work with the business of a household member]	1 Yes
1 Yes → go to quest. 7.1	2 No → go to quest. 6.6
2 No	6.5 Have you ever had a paying job <u>or</u> worked as a family worker?
6.2 Did you have a job from which you were absent during the week of October 02 nd – 08 th ? (for example, due to illness, vacation, temporary layoff fund (Cassa Integrazione Guadagni), reductions in business activity, etc.)	1 Yes 2 No So to quest. 7.1
1 Yes → go to quest. 7.1 2 No	6.6 During the week of October 02 nd – 08 th , you were [If more than one of these categories fits you, check the first one that appears on the list. For example, if you are a both a homemaker and you collect a retirement pension, check box 1]
6.3 Were you actively seeking employment or doing preparatory work to establish your own business during the period of September 11 th – October 08 th ?	A recipient of one or more pensions for previous work activity or recipient of unearned income (returns on property or equities)
1 Yes 2 No go to quest. 6.6	2 A student 3 A homemaker 4 Other

PLACE OF WORK OR STUDY

7.1	7.1 Do you go to a usual place of study or work every day?																														
1		Yes, I go to a place of study (vocational training courses included) go to q															luest	t. 7.2													
2		Yes, I go to a place of work															J														
3		No, because I study at home)														
4		1	No, because I work from home																												
5			No, because I have no fixed workplace (fill-ins/substitutes, sales representatives, etc.)															this individual form ends here													
6			No, because I am neither working nor studying nor attending any vocational training courses																												
7.2	[S	Where is your usual place of work or study located? [Student-workers should indicate the address of the place of work, not the place of study. If you work on a means of transportation (drivers, railway engineers, tram drivers, pilots, sailors, etc.), indicate the address where the service is based (parking lot, station, depot, airport, port, etc.)]																													
1]	In this municipality specify the municipality																												
2			In a different Italian municipality and the abbreviation for the province 7.3 Write out the address without using any abbreviations (for example, PIAZZA GIUSEPPE VERDI 1)																												
																}															
		7																													
]]																		
														pr	ov.							 			L						
3 Abroad specify the foreign country																															
							ï								ï																
		_ L]]]																	
7.4	W	/ha	ıt d	lwe	llin	g d	o yo	ou le	eav	e fr	om v	whe	en y	ou :	set	out fo	or yo	ur u	sua	al pl	ace	of	wor	k oı	rstı	udy	eac	h d	ay?		
1		This dwelling 2 A different dwelling														this individual form ends here															
7.5	A	fte	r y	oui	wc	ork	or s	tud	y, is	s th	is th	ie c	lwel	linc	yo	u retı	urn t	o on	a	dail	y ba	sis	?								
1		_	⁄es								2	No		•	-					•											

Reserved for the Municipal census office

STATISTICAL SECRECY, OBLIGATION TO RESPOND, PROTECTING THE CONFIDENTIALITY AND RIGHTS OF PARTICIPANTS

- Regulation (EC) no. 763 of 09th July 2008 "Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the population and housing census";
- Decree no. 78 of 31st May 2010, converted with amendments into Law no. 122 of 20th July 2010 "Urgent measures concerning financial stabilization and economic competitiveness" article 50 (Census);
- "General Plan for the 15th General Population and Housing Census," adopted with Resolution of the President of the National Statistical Institute no. 6/11/PRES (Official Gazette, 08th March 2011 General Series no. 55);
- Legislative Decree no. 322 of 06th September 1989, and subsequent amendments and additions "Regulations on the National Statistical System and the reorganization of the National Statistical Institute" article 6-bis (processing of personal data), 7 (obligation to provide statistical data), 8 (professional secrecy of staff of statistics offices), 9 (provisions for the protection of statistical secrecy), 11 (administrative fines), 13 (National Statistical Programme);
- Presidential Decree no. 166 of 07th September 2010 "Regulation regarding the reorganization of the National Statistical Institute":
- Presidential Decree no. 223 of 30th May 1989, "Approval of new regulations regarding population records";
- Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003, "Code concerning the protection of personal data" article 2 (purposes), 4 (definitions), 7-10 (rights of the data subject), 13 (information), 28-30 (people who process the data), 104-110 (processing for statistical or scientific purposes);
- "Code of ethics and good conduct for the processing of personal data for the purposes of statistics and scientific research carried out within the context of the National Statistical System," in particular article 7 (notice communication to data subjects who do not form part of the National Statistical System) and article 8 (communication of data between Sistan subjects) (Annex A.3 of the Code concerning the protection of personal data Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003);
- Prime Ministerial Decree of 31st March 2011 "Approval of three-year national statistical programme 2011-2013," and related provisions pursuant to article 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322 of 1989, containing respectively the list of surveys to which the obligation to respond applies to private subjects and the list of surveys for which provision is made for the application of fines in the event of violation of said obligation.



SP/812.2011 Rome, 11th July 2011

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am sending you this letter to inform you that the National Statistical Institute (ISTAT), the organisation which produces Italian public statistics and reports to the European Union, will conduct, during the month of October 2011, the **15th General population and housing census**, as scheduled under the 2011-2013 National Statistical Programme (code IST-02406).

The nationwide Census, which is conducted every ten years, constitutes a significant survey which will make it possible to learn about the demographic and social structure of Italy and its regions, to acquire useful information for a better understanding of the world in which we live and for Institutions, businesses and individual citizens to be able to make more informed choices. Indeed, it will be we citizens who play the leading role in the survey, and everyone's cooperation will be valuable. Furthermore, some of the data will also be used by the Municipalities in order to revise their population registers. You are therefore invited to contribute to the success of this important, delicate survey by answering – if possible via Internet – the questions contained in the questionnaire, which you will find enclosed with this letter together with the *guide to filling in the questionnaire*. As the reference date of the Census is **09**th **October 2011**, I would ask you not to fill in the questionnaire before that date.

I would like to reassure you regarding the protection of the data and information with which you provide us by answering the various questions. The data collected during the General population and housing census, in fact, are protected by provisions concerning statistical secrecy and subject to the personal data protection code (Legislative Decree no. 196/2003). We would like to make clear that these data, when processed both for the census and on subsequent occasions, may be used exclusively for statistical purposes by subjects within the National Statistical System and by census organisations and may be communicated for the purposes of scientific research in accordance with the conditions and procedures provided for by article 7 of the Code of ethics for the processing of personal data for statistical purposes.

ISTAT is legally obliged to conduct the Population and housing census and citizens are obliged to take part in it. The obligation to provide a response and the application of fines in the event of this obligation being violated are governed by articles 7 and 11 of Legislative Decree no. 322/1989 and subsequent amendments and additions. In addition I should inform you that census data may be published, without direct identification details, with counts of fewer than three units, with the exclusion of data of a sensitive nature.

The data controller for personal data is ISTAT – Istituto Nazionale di Statistica (National Statistical Institute), Via Cesare Balbo 16 – 00184 Rome; the data processor for ISTAT is the Central Director for General Censuses, who may be contacted in order to find out the names of the other individuals responsible for data processing and for information concerning the exercise of the rights of the individual concerned.

For any further information, you may contact the freephone number 800 069 701 which is active every day from 01^{st} October 2011 until 29^{th} February 2012 (excluding 25^{th} December 2011 and 01^{st} January 2012) from 9 am to 7 pm and during the period from 09^{th} October to 19^{th} November 2011 from 8 am to 10 pm, or write to the e-mail address infocens2011@istat.it.

I would like to thank you and your family in advance for your valuable cooperation.

Yours faithfully

Enrico Giovannini

STATISTICAL SECRECY, OBLIGATION TO RESPOND, PROTECTION OF PRIVACY AND RIGHTS OF THE PERSONS CONCERNED

- Regulation (EC) no. 763 of 09th July 2008, "Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on population and housing censuses";
- Decree Law no. 78 of 31st May 2010, converted with amendments into Law no. 122 of 20th July 2010, "Urgent measures concerning financial stabilisation and economic competitiveness" article 50 (Census);
- "General Plan of the 15th General Population and Housing Census", adopted with Resolution of the President of the National Statistical Institute no. 6/11/PRES of 18th February 2011 (Official Gazette, 08th March 2011 General Series no. 55);
- Legislative Decree no. 322 of 06th September 1989 and subsequent amendments and additions, "Regulations on the National Statistical System and on the reorganisation of the National Statistical Institute" article 6-bis (processing of personal data), 7 (obligation to provide statistical data), 8 (professional secrecy of staff of statistics offices), 9 (provisions for the protection of statistical secrecy), 11 (administrative fines), 13 (National Statistical Programme);
- Presidential Decree no. 166 of 07th September 2010, "Regulation regarding the reorganisation of the National Statistical Institute";
- Presidential Decree no. 223 of 30th May 1989, "Approval of new regulations regarding population records";
- Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003, "Code concerning the protection of personal data" article 2 (purposes), 4 (definitions), 7-10 (rights of the data subject), 13 (information), 28-30 (people who process the data), 104-110 (processing for statistical or scientific purposes);
- "Code of ethics and good conduct for the processing of personal data for the purposes of statistics and scientific research carried out within the context of the National Statistical System", in particular article 7 (communication to data subjects who do not form part of the National Statistical System) and article 8 (communication of data between Sistan subjects) (Annex A.3 of the "Code concerning the protection of personal data" Legislative Decree no. 196 of 30th June 2003);
- Prime Ministerial Decree of 31st March 2011 "Approval of the three-year National statistical programme 2011-2013" and related provisions pursuant to article 7 of Legislative Decree no. 322 of 1989, containing respectively the list of surveys to which the obligation to respond applies to private subjects and the list of surveys for which provision is made for the application of fines in the event of violation of said obligation.

Instructions for filling in the Household Form Version CP.1B

SECTION I - INFORMATION ABOUT HOUSEHOLD AND DWELLING

Question 1.1

Dwelling refers to a room (or set of rooms) that is:

- · regularly dedicated to residential use;
- separate (i.e. surrounded by walls and covered by a roof);
- independent (with at least one external access that is either independent or through shared entry areas road, courtyard, stairs, landings, common balconies, terraces, etc. access, in other words, does not require passing through other dwellings):
- incorporated in a building (or constitutes a building).

Other dwelling type refers to dwellings that do not satisfy the above definition (being mobile, semi-permanent or makeshift), occupied by one or more individuals as regular or temporary housing as of the date of the Census (e.g. caravan, tent, camper, cabin, shed, cave, garage, basement, barn, etc.).

Accommodation at a diplomatic or consular centre refers to dwellings located in foreign countries.

Collective residential structure refers to facilities used to house large groups of people and/or one or more families. This category includes hotels, hospitals, rest homes for senior citizens and reception centres and institutes of various kinds (religious, healthcare-related, welfare support, education, etc.).

- If the family is being housed in a diplomatic or consular centre, check box 3.
- If the family's usual place of residence is in a collective residential structure, check box 4. Example: families with a
 place of usual residence in a tourist complex or hotel rooms, families residing in structures that do not qualify as
 dwellings and that are located inside collective residential structures (e.g. a hospital custodian's family that lives inside
 the structure itself).

Question 1.2

Use square metres (rounded, no decimals) to indicate the dwelling's internal surface area, i.e. the floor surface minus the walls (walkable surface) and excluding only balconies, terraces and associated structures (e.g. basements, attics, garages, etc.). If the dwelling has more than one floor or includes rooms with independent access, the sum should include the total surface area of all the different parts.

Question 1.3

Check box 1 if only one family lives in the dwelling; check box 2 if two or more families live there. Note that two families living in the same dwelling are only considered multiple families in the absence of kinship ties or personal relationships.

Question 1.4

This question should only be answered by families that checked box 2 in question 1.3. If applicable, use the dedicated section to enter the questionnaire code for each cohabiting family (excluding your own) and the last and first name of its head of household. The **questionnaire code** is the unique 13-digit identifier located in the top right-hand corner of the first page of each Household form.

If more than 4 families live in the dwelling, please call the following toll-free number: 800-069701.

Question 1.5

Check box 1 if the dwelling is owned in full or in part by at least one of the people who live there. Box 1 should also be checked if residence in the dwelling is attributable to right of user or some other right in rem (e.g., use, dwelling) or in the case of subsidised housing, or when only the bare property was purchased, or when the owner is living in part of his/her house while renting out the rest.

Check box 2 or 3 when the dwelling is not owned by anyone who lives there and is being rented (box 2) or occupied under some other form of entitlement (box 3), that is, for free or in exchange for services.

1 Personal information

The question on "relatives and cohabitants of the head of household on the Household form" and the questions on gender, civil status and date of marriage serve to gather information about families and households and, more specifically, to learn more about their composition, size and type (e.g. how many couples have children, how many children live with only one parent, how many people live alone, etc.).

Question 1.1

Indicate the kinship or cohabitation relationship with the head of household as indicated on the Household form. The head of household on the Household form is the person under whose name the family form is filed in the Municipal Public Records Office.

- The head of household on the Household form or reference person (person 01 from List A) has already answered these questions and need not answer them again.
- The individual who lives together with the head of household on the Household form as their partner should check the box for category 03, regardless of whether they form part of a different-sex or same-sex couple.
- Children are directly identified as such by the head of household and/or their spouse/partner.
- Children of the spouse/partner of the head of household only should check box 06 ("Child of spouse/partner only"), even if the parent is deceased or does not live in the dwelling.
- Parents (or spouse of a parent) of the head of household's partner should check box 08 ("Mother/Father-in-law of head of household").
- Relatives (other than children) of the head of household's spouse/partner only should check the box for the corresponding kinship tie, even if the head of household's spouse/partner does not live in the dwelling.
- Relatives of the head of household and/or the spouse/partner who have not been included in the responses (uncle of the head of household or the spouse/partner, cousin of the head of household or the spouse/partner, etc.) and who live in this dwelling, should check box 16 ("Other relative of head of household and/or spouse/partner").
- Individuals who live in this dwelling but who have no kinship ties with the head of household or the spouse/partner should check box 17 ("Other cohabitant with no personal ties, kinship or relationship"). If such individuals constitute a family of their own, they should fill out another Household form.
- People who work for the family (housekeepers, family helpers) and live in the dwelling should check box 17. If they
 constitute a family of their own, they should fill out another Household form.

Question 1.2

"Gender" is the essential variable for interpreting and comparing statistical data about men and women.

Question 1.3

The date-of-birth question allows us to minimise the risk of errors in the information used to calculate ages in years.

The date of birth should be written in numbers, not letters. The day and the month should be indicated using two digits, adding a prefix of 0 as needed (for example: 05/06/1967).

Question 1.4

The question about place of birth (place where the birth occurred) is asked so that it can be combined with other data (e.g., place of residence) to reveal population movements within Italy and between Italy and other Countries.

- Individuals born in the municipality they currently reside in should check box 1 ("In this municipality").
- Individuals born in a different Italian municipality should indicate the municipality where they were born. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.). Please include the two-letter abbreviation for the province that the municipality belongs to as of the Census date.
- Individuals born abroad should use the current name of the foreign country where the place of birth is located. Indicate
 the foreign country of birth in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Question 1.5

The question on registration with the municipal Public Records Office allows us to identify the place of residence with greater precision. The municipality of registration is where the individual in question can request identification documents and certifications of basic public records. The head of household need not respond if the first page of the Household form bears a pre-printed address.

- Individuals registered in the Public Records Office of their official municipality should check box 1 ("Yes, in this dwelling") or box 2 ("Yes, but in a different dwelling or cohabitation").
- Individuals registered in the Public Records Office of a different Italian municipality should indicate the name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (fraction, inhabited centre, etc.).
 Please include also the abbreviation for the province that the municipality belongs to.
- Individuals not registered in the Public Records Office of any Italian municipality should check box 4 ("No, not in any Italian municipality").

Note that the term **cohabitation** refers, for example, to educational institutions (boarding schools, seminaries, etc.), welfare institutions (orphanages, family houses, rest homes for the disabled and senior citizens, etc.), healthcare institutions (hospitals, clinics, etc.), penitentiaries, ecclesiastical housing, military centres (military hospitals, military prisons, barracks, etc.), hotels, boarding houses, rental properties and similar, merchant ships (cruise ships, etc.), and so on.

2 Civil status and marriage

Question 2.1

- Married individuals who no longer live with their spouse due to personal difficulties with their relationship should check box 3 ("De facto separated"), not box 2 ("Married").
- Married individuals who live separately from their spouse due to necessity or other contingencies, alternatively, should check box 2 ("Married"), not box 3 ("De facto separated").
- "Formerly married" individuals (i.e., who obtained the dissolution or cessation of the civil status of marriage pursuant to Law no. 898 of 01st December 1970) should check box 5 ("Divorced").

Question 2.2

- Anyone who has been married at least one time should respond, including individuals who are currently married, separated (whether de facto or de jure), divorced or widowed.
- The date of the marriage itself should be indicated in numbers, not words (for example: 05/1969); for multiple marriages, use the date of the most recent marriage.

Question 2.3

The question on civil status prior to the most recent marriage provides additional information about the formation of couples and thus different types of households.

Indicate your civil status prior to the last marriage, even if you have only been married one time.

Anyone who has been married at least one time should respond, including individuals who are currently married, separated (whether de facto or de jure), divorced or widowed.

3 Citizenship

The citizenship questions serve to determine how many Italian residents are citizens of Italy and how many are citizens of other countries. When combined with the age distribution of the resident population, citizenship information helps us calculate the size and makeup of the eligible voting population.

The questions on parents' place of birth (mother and father) serve to reconstruct the origins of each individual, especially immigrants and their descendants.

Question 3.1

- Foreigners should check box 2 and specify the name of their foreign country of citizenship in Italian using the Latin alphabet.
- Individuals with another citizenship in addition to their Italian citizenship should indicate Italian citizenship only (by checking box 1).
- Foreign citizens with multiple citizenships (but not Italian citizenship) should indicate a single foreign country of residence according to the following order of preference: a) European Union Countries, b) other Countries. For multiple citizenships within group a) or within group b) countries, select a single foreign country of your choice.
- Individuals without any citizenship should declare themselves stateless (by checking box 3). The stateless category
 also applies to people whose citizenship status has yet to be clarified following the dissolution, separation or unification
 of different States.

Question 3.2

- Italians who are citizens by birth should check box 1 ("Yes") even if they were born abroad.
- Italians who became citizens after applying for and being granted citizenship by a competent authority, or who acquired Italian citizenship by marriage, ordinary or extraordinary naturalisation or birth in Italy and with uninterrupted legal residency since the age of 18 should check box 2 ("No"). Box 2 should also be checked if Italian citizenship was acquired "automatically", for example:
 - a) a minor who acquired Italian citizenship by being adopted by an Italian citizen, or through acknowledgement of maternity or paternity (or legal declaration of filiation) by an Italian parent;
 - b) a cohabitating child (minor) who has acquired Italian citizenship.

Question 3.3

If you checked box 2 in question 3.2 (Italian citizen, but not by birth), then:

- specify whether Italian citizenship was acquired by marriage or in another way (naturalisation, for example);
- indicate the foreign state of prior citizenship, in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Questions 3.4 and 3.5

If your parents were born abroad, indicate the current name of the foreign country where their place of birth is located. Indicate the foreign country of birth in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

4 Prior Presence and Residence

The questions in point 4 allow us to identify internal and international migrants. Internal migrants are individuals who used to reside in a different municipality from the one they reside in at the time of the survey. International migrants are individuals who resided in a different Country at some point in their life, regardless of their specific Country of birth and citizenship.

Question 4.1

Check the box corresponding to your location as of the date of the Census.

Check box 1 ("In this dwelling") or 2 ("In this municipality, but in a different dwelling or residence") even if the individual was absent from his/her municipality on 09th October 2011, but returned on 10th October 2011 and did not complete the survey elsewhere.

Note that the term **cohabitation** refers, for example, to educational institutions (boarding schools, seminaries, etc.), welfare institutions (orphanages, family houses, rest homes for the disabled and senior citizens, etc.), healthcare institutions (hospitals, clinics, etc.), prisons, ecclesiastical housing, military centres (military hospitals, military prisons, barracks, etc.), hotels, boarding houses, rental properties and similar, merchant ships (cruise ships, etc.), and so on.

Question 4.2 (For ages 1 and up)

Individuals who checked box 3 - place of usual residence in a different Italian municipality one year ago - should indicate the current name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.).

Individuals who checked box 4 - place of usual residence abroad one year ago - should indicate the name of the foreign country in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

Question 4.3 (For ages 5 and up)

Individuals who checked box 3 - place of usual residence in a different Italian municipality five years ago - should indicate the current name of that municipality. Indicate the name of the municipality, not the name of the town or zone (hamlet, inhabited centre, etc.).

Individuals who checked box 4 - place of usual residence abroad five years ago - should indicate the name of the foreign country in Italian using the Latin alphabet.

5 Education

Question 5.1 (For ages 6 and up)

The educational qualifications listed here are the ones awarded in the Italian educational system.

- First graders in elementary school (primary school) should check box 02.
- Individuals with two or more educational qualifications for the same grade should indicate the one they consider most relevant to their actual occupation.
- Individuals (especially foreign citizens) who gained higher educational qualifications while abroad should check the box for the corresponding Italian qualification.
- Foreign citizens without any educational certificates should choose between category 01 ("No educational qualification and cannot read or write") and 02 ("No educational qualification but can read and write") in reference to their native language.

The following instructions need to be followed to provide appropriate responses to question 5.1:

category 03: Elementary school qualification (or equivalent) corresponds to completion of the first level of basic education. The qualification awarded on completion of a type C qualification awarded by public schools is comparable to the elementary qualification;

category 04: Middle school qualification (or vocational school), as awarded prior to the institution of comprehensive middle schools, corresponds to completion of the second level of basic education. An elementary school qualification (or equivalent) is required for admission to this level;

category 05: Upper secondary school (2-3 years) diploma includes:

- <u>Upper secondary school diploma</u>: vocational school, teacher training school or art school certificate. This educational qualification is awarded by Vocational schools, Teacher training schools and Art schools at the conclusion of a course of upper secondary studies lasting less than 4 years (2-3 years) that is not sufficient for admission to university studies. A middle school (or basic vocational foundation) qualification is required for admission;
- Compimento inferiore/medio, Music Conservatory or National Academy of Dance (2-3 years).

These correspond to intermediate qualifications awarded by a Music Conservatory or National Academy of Dance prior to the reforms of 1999 (Law no. 508/99).

This category includes the final diploma awarded by a Music conservatory or Dance Academy, but <u>not</u> the upper secondary school diploma.

Holders of a final diploma from the Music conservatory or Dance Academy <u>and</u> an upper secondary school diploma should check box 12 ("Diploma from the Academy of Fine Arts, etc...");

category 06: Upper secondary school (4-5 years) diploma issued by high schools (classical, scientific, linguistic, artistic or socio-psycho-pedagogical high schools), Vocational schools, Teacher training schools or Art schools upon

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completion of an upper secondary course of studies lasting 4 or 5 years and is sufficient for beginning university studies. A middle school (or basic vocational foundation) qualification is required for admission;

category 07: Diploma from the Academy of Fine Arts, Dance, Dramatic Arts, ISIA, etc., Conservatory (former system) refers to courses that were active prior to the institution of the Higher Artistic, Musical, and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.) courses and includes:

• final diploma awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dramatic Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA) under the former system, <u>prior to the reform</u> of the A.F.A.M. sector (Law no. 508/99).

Check category 05 if you also do not have an upper secondary school diploma.

Individuals who also attended the integrated post-diploma programme should check box 09.

• diploma awarded by a School for Interpreters and Translators prior to law no. 697/86 (see category 10);

category 08: University degree (2-3 years) under the former system (including schools dedicated to specialised programmes and vocationally-oriented community colleges) awarded upon completion of a university degree programme or other specialised programmes. It is attained after a course of studies lasting no less than 2 but no more than 3 years (degree in statistics, elementary school supervision, ISEF degree under the former system, degree in paleography or musical philology, etc.). In international terms, the university degree represents the first step of the level I university course of studies (e.g. bachelor's degree - or first degree - in England). Admission to these programmes requires an upper secondary school diploma (4-5 year programme);

category 09: Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Music and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level I.

This refers to programmes that were enacted after the A.F.A.M. sector reforms (Law no. 508/99), which are accessible after obtaining an upper secondary school diploma. They include academic degrees awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA), which are programmes under the new system.

They correspond to the degrees awarded upon completion of three-year programmes;

category 10: Three-year degree (level I) under the new system.

Following the reforms in higher education, two consecutive cycles were defined: the Level I degree and Level II degree (laurea specialistica/magistrale). The three-year level I Degree is a three-year programme, and includes the qualifications awarded by an Advanced school for linguistic mediators) established after the reform (Law no. 697/86);

category 11: Academic degree of Higher Artistic, Musical and Dance Training (A.F.A.M.), level II.

These refer to programmes enacted following A.F.A.M. sector reforms (Law no. 508/99), and are only accessible with a level I upper secondary school diploma or three-year degree. They include academic degrees awarded by an Academy of Fine Arts, National Academy of Dramatic Arts, National Academy of Dance, Music Conservatory or Higher Institute for Artistic Industries (ISIA), which are programmes under the new system.

They correspond to degrees awarded upon completion of two-year programmes;

category 12: Degree (4-6 years) under the former system, single-cycle level II degrees (laurea specialistica/magistrale) under the new system includes:

- Extended degree under the former system, the qualification obtained upon completion of a university course of studies lasting no less than 4 and no more than 6 years. Admission to these programmes requires an upper secondary school diploma (4-5 year programme). In international terms, this degree represents the second step in the first cycle of university education (e.g. the French *maitrise*).
- Single-cycle <u>Level II degrees (lauree specialistiche/magistrali)</u> include Pharmacy, Dentistry, Veterinary Science, Architecture/Construction Engineering (lasting 5 years), Medicine (6 years) and Law (active since 2007-2008). The first 3 years of these programmes do not culminate in any qualification, which is not awarded until the entire programme is completed.

Questions 5.2 and 5.3

For question 5.2, respond with answer number 2 ("No") if you gained a non-university Master's degree in a programme run by a private entity or vocational school. Multiple responses are allowed for your response to question 5.3.

Level I master's degree programmes requiring a Level I three-year degree or Level I A.F.A.M. Degree for admission and that last one year.

Level II master's degree programmes requiring a Level II degree (laurea specialisitca/magistrale) or Level II A.F.A.M. degree for admission and that last one year.

Specialisation school followed completion of the Degree under the former system, the single-cycle Level II degree (laurea specialistica/magistrale) or the specialised Degree under the new system, and requires a course of studies lasting not less than 2 years designed for training specialists in specific professional fields at specialisation schools.

Box 3 ("Specialisation school") which requires at least 4 additional years of study after the basic degree (e.g. Aerospace Engineering).

Research Doctorate (doctorate in **Research Training**) follows the basic degree (degree under the former system, single-cycle level II degree under the new system, level II two-year specialised degree under the new system), and requires a personalised programme of research and study that lasts no less than 3 years and focuses on in-depth scientific investigation and research methods specific to the sector in question. In international terms, the **research doctorate** is a post-graduate educational qualification that is equivalent to completion of the second cycle of university instruction (e.g. *Ph.D*).

6 Vocational or non-vocational status

Question 6.1

Work refers to any activity performed in exchange for payment, salary, wages, profits, etc. It does not include the time dedicated to housework, minor household maintenance and repairs, hobbies and similar.

Check box 1 ("Yes") if you:

- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) one or more hours of paid work (whether permanent, temporary or seasonal), as an employee or on a self-employed basis, regardless of whether a formal employment contract exists. Any and all forms of income should be considered: salary, wages, profits, payments in kind, food, lodging or other forms, including income not yet received or paid during a different week from when the work was actually performed; box 1 should also be checked by **apprentices** and *trainees* who receive payment or other forms of non-monetary compensation, as long as it is ongoing (meal vouchers, cell phone credit, petrol coupons, etc.);
- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) one or more hours of work helping a family member or relative with their self-employed activity, business or company, including unpaid work (family workers).

Family workers refers to individuals who help another family member who is self-employed, without the work relationship being regulated by a contract (e.g. a wife helping her shopkeeper husband, or a son helping his farmer father).

Check box 2 ("No") if you:

- performed (during the week from October 02nd-08th) hours of unpaid voluntary work for any organisations, institutions, associations or similar;
- are a seasonal worker who did not work during the week of reference.

Question 6.2

Check box 1 ("Yes") if you have a job you were absent from for one of the following reasons during the week from October 02nd-08th: holiday, leave of absence, maternity/paternity leave, reduction in business activity, illness, holiday, CIG (cassa integrazione guadagni, temporary state layoff fund), etc. This question gathers information about job continuity and the degree of formal attachment to the job in terms of absences and salary earned.

Employees on leave are considered to be employed if they are absent for less than three months or if they continue to receive at least 50% of their salary during their absence. Exceptions include employees on (mandatory) maternity leave or (optional) parental leave. Self-employed individuals who are absent from work (except for family workers) are considered to be employed if their business activity continues during their absence. Family workers are considered to be employed if the absence lasts less than three months.

Question 6.3

Check box 1 ("Yes") if, in the last 4 weeks (11th September to 08th October) you have inquired about job offers in the newspaper, applied for competition-based positions, submitted your resume/*CV* to a company, etc.

You should also answer "Yes" if you will start work within 3 months of the date of the Census (09th October 2011).

Question 6.5

Only respond if you checked box 1 ("Yes") in questions 6.3 and 6.4. Otherwise skip to question 6.6 to continue the questionnaire.

Check box 1 ("Yes") if you are looking for work but are not actually working at present, having performed paid work in the past or unpaid work, as long as the unpaid work was in the capacity of family worker.

Question 6.6

Use the following definitions to answer the question appropriately:

Recipient of one or more pensions for previous work activity or recipient of unearned income

- Recipients of one or more pensions for previous work activity: individuals who receive one or more old-age or invalidity pensions. These distributions are paid out for the work activities performed by the covered individual after reaching a specified age limit, achieving creditable service or suffering diminished work capacity. This category also includes workers' compensation for workplace accidents and/or occupational illnesses. These pensions are intended to compensate individuals for disabilities (in proportion to the severity) and deaths (for which payments go to the survivors) resulting from events that took place during their work. A minimum period of regular contributions is required before becoming eligible for worker's compensation.
- Recipient of unearned income: individuals who receive income, rent or profits derived from property ownership, investments, interest, rents, royalties, etc.

Student: an individual whose main occupation is studying.

Homemaker: an individual whose main occupation is caring for their own family and home.

Other condition: an individual with a status not listed above (e.g. retired for other reasons, social aid or civil disability pension recipients, etc.).

7 Place of work or study

Question 7.1

- Box 1 ("Yes, I go to a place of study") should also be checked for children who attend nursery school, kindergarten, etc.
- Student-workers should check box 2 ("Yes, I go to a place of work").
- Farmhands who have no single fixed workplace because they work for multiple farms should check box 5 ("No, because I do not have a single fixed workplace").
- Individuals who take their children to school on a daily basis but who do not subsequently go to a place of work or study should check box 6 ("No, because I am not working, studying or taking any vocational training courses").

Question 7.2

- There need not necessarily be any direct relationship between the place of work (where the person usually works) and the address of the factory, organization, business for which the person works. This would be the case, for example, of an employee of a maintenance contractor for a metalwork factory who, in his/her response, has to tell the address of the place where he/she actually goes to work (the metalwork factory), instead of the address of the contractor itself.
- For cases in which, for example, consulting activities were being performed onsite in an external business or office on the date of the Census, the answer should refer to the address of the consulting business itself.
- Student-workers should use the address of their work place.
- Individuals who work on vehicles (drivers, railway engineers, tram drivers, pilots, ship workers, etc.) should use the
 address where the service is based (garage, station, depot, airport, port, etc.).
- Individuals with two usual places of work or study should use the location of their primary work or study activity.

Question 7.3

Individuals who work inside the municipality where they currently live or in another municipality in Italy also need to indicate the address of their usual place of work or study.

Question 7.4

This question should only be answered by individuals who go to a place of work or study on a daily basis, or who checked box 1 ("Yes, I go to a place of study") or box 2 ("Yes, I go to a place of work") in question 7.1.

Question 7.5

This question should only be answered by individuals who go from their place of usual residence to a place of work or study on a daily basis, or who checked box 1 ("From this dwelling") in question 7.4.